THE Bombay Gazette.

No. 55,690—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—MONDAY, JULY 8, 1912. PRICE: ONE ANNA

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

MAIL SERVICE.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON, WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing. 3-30 p.m.	Steamers.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
1912				
13th July.	CALEDONIA	8000	....	....
20th "	SALSETTE	6000	MARMORA	10400
27th "	EGYPT	8000	....	....
3rd Aug.	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	11000
10th "	PERSIA	8000	....	....
17th "	SALSETTE	6000	MALOJA	12431
24th "	HIMALAYA	7000	....	....
31st "	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	10000
7th Sept.	ARABIA	8000	....	....
14th "	SALSETTE	7000	MEDINA	12358
21st "	ARCADIA	7500	....	....
28th "	SALSETTE	7000	MALWA	10883
5th Oct.	EGYPT	8000	....	....
12th "	SALSETTE	7000	MOOLTAN	9 621
19th "	PERSIA	8000	....	....
26th "	MALOJA	12431	....	....
2nd Nov.	INDIA	8000	....	....
9th "	SALSETTE	7000	MOREA	10890
16th "	ARABIA	8000	....	....
23rd "	SALSETTE	7000	MARMORA	10500
30th "	MEDINA	12358	....	....

All the above Regular Mail Steamers are fitted with

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

Passengers for Brindisi tranship to connecting Steamer at Port Said.

Tenders leave the CARNAC BUNDER, on day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 1 P.M. for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA, AND NEW ZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAY, taking passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For Accommodation and further information, apply to

W. C. SYMES,
Superintendent.

Bombay.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.,

BANKERS, ARMY, & PASSENGER AGENTS
BOMBAY.

PASSAGE & SHIPPING.

PASSAGES	Booked without charge.
BERTHS	Carefully Selected.
STEAMER PLANS	Sent for Inspection.
HANDBOOK	Giving details of Fares, Sailings, &c., gratis.
BAGGAGE	Shipped and Insured.
PASSENGERS	Met on arrival.
CALCUTTA :	GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON :	GRINDLAY & Co.

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILING FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

The following SAILINGS have been arranged :—

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON 1912.

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Captain.	Leave Bombay.
Scindia	5106	W. Mitchell	20th July 1912
*Castalia	6388	G. Mitchell	4th Aug. "
*Elysia	6368	J. Coverley	18th Aug. "
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	9th Sept. "
Olympia	5124	J. Kinnaird	22nd Sept. "
*Circassia	6716	C.F. Osborne R.N.R	11th Oct. "
Scindia	5106	W. Mitchell	23rd Oct. "
*Castalia	6388	G. Mitchell	8th Nov. "
*Elysia	6368	J. Coverley	21st Nov. "

* Fitted with Marconi wireless telegraphy.

FARES,

	Single.	Return
Bombay to Suez	Rs. 413	627
Bombay to Portsaid	" 446	677
Bombay to Marseilles and back from Liverpool	" 578	924
Bombay to London Overland from Marseilles and back from Liverpool.	" 653	999
Bombay to Gibraltar	" 590	891
Bombay to Liverpool	" 605	957
Bombay to New York	" 826	1,299
Bombay to Cairo, including train fare from Suez	" 446	

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea planters, &c.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and experienced Stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leaves by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rates to Europe include a passage by B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer between Karachi and Bombay.

Through Tickets to America per Anchor-Cunard Joint Passenger Service.

For any further information regarding passage, apply to the undersigned.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
AGENTS, Bombay.

BOMBAY AMERICAN LINE.

DIRECT SAILINGS MONTHLY.
TAKING CARGO FOR NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, OR BALTIMORE.

For further particulars regarding freight, etc., apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
TURNER MORRISON & Co.,
Agents.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LD.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS :—

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Dock.

Steamers, Tons, Sailing. Date. Time, Route via.
Dwarka.... 1695 Thurs. 11th July 9 a.m.
Linga..... 2185 Friday 12th July † 6 a. m. direct.

† Or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSHEH
(Weekly).

S. S. "Dwarka" 2185 tons, on Thursday, 11th July, calling at Muscat, Linga, Bushire, and Mahomerah.

FOR PERSIAN GULF PORTS.

S. S. "Malda," 1951 tons, on Wednesday, 10th July, calling at Karachi, Pasni, Gwadar, Charoar, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Dubai, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Koweit, Mahomera, and Bunch.

FOR EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA.
(Monthly.)

S. S. "Purnea," 3306 tons, on Thursday 11th July, calling at Seychelles, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.

FOR COAST PORTS, AND CALCUTTA.

A Steamer on or about 13th July.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct.)

Frequent sailings, with onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand.

Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents,
Nicol Road, near Ballard Pier, BOMBAY.
8th July, 1912.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY.
Dumbea	5685	Sellier	1st Aug. 1912.
Australien	6365	Costa	29th Aug. 1912.
Nera	5538	X.	24th Oct. 1912.
Oceanien	4143	X.	21st Nov. 1912.
Polynesien	6368	Lassince	19th Dec. 1912.

PASSAGE FARES "B" RATE.

	I class	II class	III class
To Marseilles (single)	Rs. 594	495	225
Do. (return)	Rs. 891	743	405
To London (single)	Rs. 660	528	270
Do. (Return)	Rs. 990	792	495

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Navigations General Italiana's at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY
Nera	5538	X.	9th Aug. 1912
Oceanien	4143	X.	6th Sept. 1912

For further particulars apply to—

H. WILLIAMS,
Albert Building, Hornby Road. Agent.

SOCIETA' NAZIONALE DI SERVIZI MARITTIMI (RUBATTINO LINE.)

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct

FOR BRINDISI and VENICE (transhipping at PORT SAID.)

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Sicilia	6,000	D. Maganzini	15th July 1912.
Sardegna	6,000	E. Viale	15th Aug. 1912.
Polcevera	4,000	A. de Amezaga.	20th Aug. 1912.

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE, BEER AND FANS.

	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class
Single Ticket from	Rs. 450 to 550	Rs. 350	Rs. 165
Return Tickets available two years from	Rs. 675 to 825	Rs. 525	Rs. 247

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application.

Through Tickets to New York in connection with Naples or Genoa, 1st Class, from Rs. 790 to Rs. 690. Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break journey at any port on route.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS

are issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste.

BOMBAY TO SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on.
Ischia	6,000	G. Belsito	16th July 1912.
Capri	6,000		16th Aug 1912.

Through bills of lading for Mediterranean, Black Sea and American Ports issued.

SALOON Fares to COLOMBO, Rs. 75; to PENANG, Rs. 140; to SINGAPORE, Rs. 165 and to HONGKONG, Rs. 220.

Subject to alterations.

G. TIMOSCI,
Ag. Agent.

Elphinstone Circle.

NOTICE.

THE RETAIL PRICE of "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE," in Poona, Kirkee, &c., is 2 annas per copy.

The rate for Subscribers is now Rs. 26 per annum in advance, post free.

BANKS.

COX & CO.,

BANKERS AND AGENTS

ESTABLISHED 1758.

Registered under the Companies (Consolidated) Act 1908.

CAPITAL PAID UP.....£400,000
RESERVE.....£ 50,000

HEAD OFFICE :—16 Charing Cross, London.
BRANCHES :—Bombay, Calcutta, Karachi, Rawal Pindi, Murree and Srinagar (Kashmir).

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received, rates of INTEREST to be obtained upon application.
SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened, terms on application.
LETTERS of CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Current Rate of Exchange and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.
TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made and ADDRESSES Registered in London free of charge.
INSURANCES of every description effected.
SHIPPING, PASSAGE AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT OF CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOK supplied on application.
A copy of the half-yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE :
16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, S. W.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL .....£ 1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL .....£ 1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL.....£ 562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS .....£ 562,500
RESERVE FUNDS .....£ 365,000

HEAD OFFICE :
40, Threadneedle Street, London, E C.

LONDON BANKERS
The Bank of England,
The London Joint Stock Bank.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES :

BOMBAY, KARACHI, CALCUTTA, Sub-Branch HOWRAH (Calcutta), RANGOON, MADRAS COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE KUALA LUMPUR, KOTA BAHRU (Kelantan) PENANG, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms :—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody realising interest and dividends when due.

JAS. MURDOCH,
Esplanade Road, Bombay. Manager.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....£2,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL.....£1,000,000
RESERVE FUND.....£ 900,000

HEAD OFFICE:
26, BISHOPSGATE, LONDON E. C.

BRANCHES :

Calcutta,	Cochin,	Zanzibar,
Bombay,	Chittagong,	Mombassa,
Madras,	Rangoon,	Nairobi,
Karachi,	Mandalay,	Nakura,
Lahore,	Colombo,	Kisumu,
Amritzar,	Kandy,	Jinja,
Delhi,	Newara-Eliya,	Kampala,
Cawnpore,	Aden (Camp.)	Entebbe.
Tuticorin,	Aden, (Steamer Point)	

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly,

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receive same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividend, when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

Post Box No. 141. RALPH KIDD,
BOMBAY. Acting Manager.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital.....$ 15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors.....$ 15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund.....$ 16,750,000
Gold Reserve Fund.....$ 1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

BRANCHES AND AGENCES.

Amoy	Ipoh	Rangoon
Bangkok	Johore	Saigon
Batavia	Kobe	San Francisco
Bombay	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
Calcutta	London	Shanghai Hongkow
Canton	Lyons	Singapore
Colombo	Malacca	Sourabaya
Foochow	Manila	Taipeh
Hamburg	Nagasaki	Tientsin
Hankow	New York	Tsingtau
Harbin	Peking	Yokohama
Hongkong	Penang	Yloilo

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent, per annum on Daily Balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 100,000 provided the sum accrued amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months or term which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. H. WILSON,
Agent.
Carlton House, Ostram Road, Bombay.

DIAMONDS

It is because they are the visible emblems of

LOVE AND MARRIAGE

that FINGER RINGS are considered the most interesting of all objects of JEWELLERY and as they are really the popular product of civilisation they naturally carry sympathetic concern and value. Not only does the DIAMOND dominate to-day, as the favourite stone for rings, but it also holds its own in the first position as the chief ornament of most other forms of jewellery. We have a magnificent collection of

ENGAGEMENT RINGS

of unapproached QUALITY in DIAMONDS. From the rich man's point of view, of course, there is much to be said in favour of DIAMONDS, but there is much satisfaction also to be found in

BEAUTIFUL COLOURED STONES

Such as the Ruby, Emerald, Sapphire, Opal, Turquoise &c., delightfully set as the centres of clusters of small diamonds, or set alternately in various sizes of half hoops, and also many other fancies. A full casket of jewelled rings in these days certainly does not betray vanity, but rather discloses artistic LOVE FOR THE BEAUTIFUL; and a full casket of jewels also affords the opportunity to those who credit stones with occult influences, to wear particular stones which have been allocated as proper to wear at certain seasons. Every day has its own gem. Sunday the Yellow Topaz; Monday, Pearls; Tuesday, Rubies; Wednesday, Sapphires; Thursday, Amethyst; Friday, Emerald; Saturday, Diamond. The months also have their appropriate gems. January, the Garnet; February, Amethyst; March, Bloodstone; April, Diamond; May, Emerald; June, Agate; July, Cornelian; August, Sardonyx; September, Chrysolite; October, Opal; November, Topaz, and in December, Turquoise. It will be apparent from the foregoing that a very large casket is required to keep up with all the curious rules for wearing jewels. But apart from such fancies or scruples, there is a charm and novelty in variety, and as there are eight fingures and two thumbs to a pair of hands, many will feel it a pleasure to be able to wear a succession of finger rings. Inspection of our stock of PICKED STONES will reveal to you the fact that

QUALITY FOR QUALITY

there is only one house in Bombay where the Best Value In DIAMONDS can be obtained.

MARCKS & Co., LTD.

BOMBAY AND POONA.

THE ITALIAN STORES

C. COLONNELLO SON & Co.,

GENERAL MERCHANTS AND CONTRACTORS.

105, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

IMPORTERS OF GRUYERE PARMESAU AND GORGONZOLA CHEESE.

Pure ITALIAN OLIVE OIL (genuine) guaranteed, ITALIAN MACARONI, VERMICELLI and SOUP PASTES in large stock and fresh, arriving monthly. ITALIAN WALNUTS, and ALMONDS, in soft shell, and also Hozelnuts; the nuts suitable for table use.

HORS DE OVRE (First course luxury) in various brands from The High Class Houses.

SINGAPORE CANE CHAIRS, SOFAS and EASY CHAIRS visit at the Stores will convince of its well shaped, designed and comfortableness.

GRIGNOLINO WINE (CLARET) a genuine product of Grape Wine in great demand Rs. 12 per dozen bottles.

LIQUEURS, and WINES from High Class Houses of Italy and France.

"ALL GOLD"

FINEST SELECTED

CALIFORNIAN FRUITS,

in large 2½ lbs. tins

CASES CONTAINING :—

4 LEMON CLING PEACHES
4 BARTLETT PEARS
4 APRICOTS
4 GREENGAGES
4 ROYAL ANNE CHERRIES
3 STEWED PRUNES
1 BLACKBERRIES

Rs. 22-8 per case.

or Re. 1 per tin selected.

MONGINI BROTHERS

IMPORTERS,
CHURCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY.

ASK THE MAN WHO OWNS ONE

whether he is satisfied with his

VULCAN MOTOR CAR

and he will answer : Yes. It is the sweetest running car I have ever had the pleasure of driving and costs so little to maintain.

TRIAL RUNS ON LATEST MODELS.

By arrangements with the SOLE AGENTS.

THE BOMBAY MOTOR CAR CO. LTD.,

11, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE,
BOMBAY.

SUPPLIERS OF MOTOR CARS BY APPOINTMENT TO

H. E. LORD HARDINGE,
Viceroy and Governor-General of India.

Standard Oil Company of New York,

MARSHALL'S BUILDING.
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

LARGEST IMPORTERS OF AND DEALERS IN:—

Kerosene and Lubricating Oils.
Motor Spirit : Pratt's and Pegasus Brand.
Pratt's Genuine Spirit or Turpentine
Grease.
Paraffine Wax, &c., &c.

KEROSINE OIL BRANDS :—

Snowflake	150°	in cases.	
White Rose	150°	"	"
Chester	125°	"	"
Devoe's	125°	"	"
Monkey	125°	"	"

These well-known Brands are imported and sold in cases only.

Elephant 125° in tins, and in bulk from yellow carts.

150° "SHELL"

"SHELL" BRAND CASE OIL.

150°

150° "SHELL"

It is no longer necessary to pay an extravagant price to obtain the best oil.

HAVE YOU TRIED

"SHELL"?

It is the finest American Case Oil.

OTHER 150° OIL COSTS Rs. 6 PER CASE.

REFINED and PACKED 150° TEST in AMERICA.

NO SMOKE and NO SMELL.

"SHELL" COSTS Rs. 5-4 PER CASE.

DON'T allow your Butler or Grocer to decide what Brand of oil you burn

SEE THAT YOU GET

"SHELL"

THE BEST OIL FOR THE BEST LAMPS.

"SHELL" 150°

IMPORTED BY

THE ASIATIC PETROLEUM CO., LD.,
GRAHAMS BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

"SHELL" 150°

GRIMAULT & Co.'s ENERGICAL SYRUP

THE BEST NERVINE TONIC FOR BRAIN AND BODY.

IT is prescribed in cases of Nervous Exhaustion, Neurasthenia, Anæmia, Chlorosis to shorten convalescence, loss of manhood, etc

SOLE AGENTS :

V. C. DASTUR & CO.,

PRINCESS STREET, BOMBAY.

ASK FOR

BATLIWALA'S AGUE MIXTURE AND PILLS.

They cure FEVER, AGUE, and INFLUENZA, and have been tested by the time.

Re. 1 each.

BATLIWALA'S TONIC PILLS

For pale people, is a valuable remedy in all cases of overwrought brain work, impotency, weakness, early stage of consumption, and indigestion, etc. etc. Re. 1-8ans.

BATLIWALA'S TOOTH-POWDER

Is scientifically mixed with "Mayaphal" and English antiseptic drugs. Ans 4, each.

BATLIWALA'S RING-WORM OINTMENT.

Cures ring-worm, Dhobies itch in a day. Ans 4. each.

By all the dealers or of

DR. H. L. BATLIWALA J.P.,
WORLI LABORATORY. Dadar, BOMBAY.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the office by 6 p.m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED, BOMBAY.

NOTICE is hereby given that a DIVIDEND at the Rate of 6 per cent. per annum, free of Income Tax, for the Half year ended June 30th, 1912, has been declared payable on and after MONDAY, July 15th, to Registered Shareholders, on 30th June, 1912.

WARRANTS for the amount of the Dividend due will be posted to shareholders at their Registered Addresses.

INTIMATION should be given to the Bank of any change of address.

H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager.

July 6th, 1912.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

NOTICE is hereby given that a DIVIDEND for the half year ended 30th June last, at the Rate of 13 per cent per annum and a Bonus of 2 per cent per annum, both free from Income Tax, will be payable on application on and after FRIDAY, the 12th instant, to Registered Shareholders on 20th June, 1912.

By Order of the Board,
R. AITKEN,
Offg. Secretary & Treasurer.

Bombay, 4th July, 1912.

NOTICE OF ISSUE OF DEBENTURES.

THE DIRECTORS of the BERAR MANUFACTURING Coy., Ld., have resolved to issue at par one thousand Debentures each of the value of Rs. 500 bearing interest at 6 p. c. commencing from 14th August next and expiring on 14th August, 1917. Offers are invited from intending applicants on or before 25th July. Forms for application and other particulars are obtainable at the Bombay Head Office, No. 4, Cowasjee Patel Street, Fort.

(Sig.) KUSTOORCHUND DAGA & SONS,
Agents.

Bombay, 27th June 1912.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE NEZ.

DURING the hot steamy Weather, when your Glasses persist in falling of your nose a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense will be found a great boon.

They are self-adjusting.
There is nothing to break.
They are always Horizontal.
They are the acme of comfort and very strong.
No slipping off the Nose.

Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting :—
Nickel, Rs. 3-8, Gold, Rs. 35.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

WINES, SPIRITS BEERS &C.

CROFT, MODY & CO.

THE following popular and well known BRANDS of WHISKIES can be had Wholesale from

CROFT, MODY & CO.,
SOLE AGENTS, BOMBAY,
OR RETAIL FROM
Messrs. BRANDON & Co.,
VICTORIA TERMINUS
AND
DENISON & Co.,
HUMMUM STREET, FORT.

O. T. B. (Old Mac Taggart Blend)
F. O. S. (Finest old Scotch)
From DONALD Mc. TAGGART & Co., Strathspey and Glasgow.
A. L. W. (Antique Liqueur)
R. O. T. (Rare Old Talisker)
From The DAILUAINE-TALISKER DISTILLERS LTD.

CEMENT
HAETON BRAND.
GUARANTEED BEST
English quality.
W. & A. GRAHAM & CO.
BOMBAY.

WE SEND YOU FREE
A SAMPLE COPY OF
INDUSTRY.

A monthly Journal Handicrafts and Commerce containing useful and practical hints for preparing household necessities, starting of small mechanical industries etc. etc.

New features, including illustrations. are added in the second year.

Royal Ed. Rs. 2. People's Ed. Re. 1-8.
For Readers—
Interesting Throughout.
For Advertisers—
Absolutely sure medium.

For Free sample copy and revised Adv. rates.
Please write to the MANAGER,
"INDUSTRY," Sambazar, Calcutta.

SPECIAL OFFER.

COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—"Gazette Commercial" of the following sizes :—

9½ inch by 4½ inch...Rupee 1 per hundred*
9½ inch by 4½ inch...Annas 14 per " *
If printed on flap there will be an additional charge of Rs. 3 per 1,000.
5 13-16 inch by 3⅜ inch, Re. 2½ per thousand*.
If printed on flap Re. 4 per thousand.

AMUSEMENTS.

BOMBAY COMMERCIAL GYMKHANA.

ON SATURDAY, 13TH JULY, 1912, at 9-30 P. M.
"THE NEW BOY."
Proceeds in aid of the INDO-BRITISH INSTTN.
Tickets Rs. 2 each, may be had from ROSE AND CO., Fort.

KIRKEE GYMKHANA RACES, 1912.

ONE DAY'S RACING.

To be held on SATURDAY, July 27th.

1st Entries Rs. 4 to close 8 P.M., on SATURDAY, July 20th.

2nd Entries Rs. 6 to close 8 P.M., on TUESDAY, July 23rd.

For prospectuses and further particulars apply:—
JOINT HONORARY SECRETARIES,
Government House,
Kirkee.

EXCELSIOR CINEMATOGRAPH.

1½ hour { TWO SHOWS NIGHTLY. } 1½ hour
7 to 8-30 and 10 to 11-30 p.m.
CHIEF ATTRACTION
THE MYSTERIES OF PARIS.

IN POONA
NAPIER HOTEL NOW
DR. CARL PERIN,
THE ROYAL PALMIST
AND
MENTAL SCIENTIST.

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CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 8th July, 1912.

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Under instructions from B. N. Lang Esq., Official Liquidator, the Bombay and Hajaz S. N. Co. of India, Limited, (in Liquidation), Messrs. BENNETT & Co., will, THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 8th instant, sell by Public Auction, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.), at A. M. Jeewanji's Press compound, at Gurupdeo, Tank Bunder.

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Bombay, 8th July, 1912.

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All that piece of land containing by admeasurement 11 1-2 feet in breadth, and 65 1-4 feet in length, or thereabouts, situate at Malabar Hill, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, with the messuage and tenement standing thereon, assessed under Ward D. No. 3091, and Street No. 104, Banganga Road, and bounded on the east by the property of the late Sir Mangaldass Nathoobhoy, on the West by the Public Tank, called Ganga, on the north by the property lately belonging to Shri Jeevanlaljee Maharaj, and now to Jaithabhai Naronjee, and on the south by the property formerly belonging to Bhugwandas Purshotamdass, and now to Vasanjee Nunojee.

For further particulars and conditions of sale applications may be made to Messrs. Madhavjee, Ramdar and Chhotubhai, Attorneys for the said Messrs. Gordhandass Morarjee, Dwarkadass Megbjee and Haridass Shamjee, at their office, at Esplanade Road, or to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY, in Gaiwadi, on Mahim Bazar Road.

Messrs. J. S. MODY, & Co., Auctioneers will on MONDAY, the 15th day of July, 1912, at the hour of 4-30 p. m. (S. T.), in the afternoon, sell by Public Auction, at the premises, the undermentioned property, by order and under instructions of the mortgagee and on account and at the risk of the mortgagors Alli Mahomed Miya Ahmad and Bai Halimabai, widow of Miya Hassam Miya Ahmed Lakhdawala, in exercise of the power of sale contained in the indenture of mortgage dated the 30th day of May, 1911, made between the abovenamed mortgagors of the one part and the mortgagee of the other part.

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All that piece or parcel of pension and tax tenure (forming a portion of an oart called Gaiwadi), containing by admeasurement 3907 square yards or thereabouts, and Registered by the Collector of Land Revenue Bombay, along with the remaining portion of the said oart unde: Old No. 486, New No. 4314, Old Survey No....., and New Survey No. 13, together with the messuages, tenements or dwelling-houses standing thereon, assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal rates and taxes under G. Ward Nos. 5065, 5060, 5059 (2), and 5059 (1), and Street Nos: 393, 389, 388, 387 A and 387, and all which premises are situate at or on the eastern side of Mahim Bazar Road, at Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, and are bounded on or towards the east partly by the property of Sheth Manekchand Kapoorchand, and partly by the Lohar Chawl Road, and on or towards the west partly by the said Mahim Bazar Road and partly by the property of Achoobibi, widow of Nurudin Dada Shaik Ali, on or towards the north partly by the property of Gursondas Liladhar, and partly by the property of Manekchand Kapoorchand, and on or towards the south by the property of the said Achoobai, widow of Nurudin Dada Shaik Ali.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Manchershah and Narmada Shankar, Attorneys for the said mortgagee at their office, in No. 13, Military Square Lane, Fort, or to the undersigned.

J. S. MODY & Co.,
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Bombay, 8th July, 1912.

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A & B.
Motor Grease.

BURMAH OIL Co., Ld.
Agents: SHAW WALLACE & CO.,
CALCUTTA—BOMBAY—MADRAS—KARACHI.

Messrs. BULLOCH BROTHERS & Co., Ld., CHITTAGONG.

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON MARKET.

LONDON, JULY 5.] [BOMBAY, JULY 6.

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Plus.	Minus.
2½ per cent. Consols	75 15-16		1-2
do. Rentes	92 1-2	1-2	
3½ do. Sterling Loan	91 1-2		unchgd
4½ do. Gov. Securities	64 1-8		unchgd
Bar Silver in London Spot	28 1-8		1-16
do. 2 months' hence	28 1-4		1-8
Bar Silver in New York	51 1-3		unchgd
Exchange on London at Paris	25-22 1-2		01
do. do. at Berlin	20-46 1-2		1-2
do. do. New York	4-87 3-8		unchgd
Discount Bank of England Rate	3	since	
do. Short London Bills	9th May		
3 months' sight	2 3-4		1-16
do. Indian Bank Bills			
6 months' sight	3 5-8		unchgd
do. 3 months' Fine Trade Bills	3 1-4		unchgd
do. 6 months' Fine Trade Bills	4		unchgd
Interest day-to-day Loans	1 7-8		unchgd
do. 7 day Market Loans	2		unchgd

Bar Gold per oz. ... 77-9 unchgd
Exchange on India 30 days' sight (Bank buying rate) 1 3 29-32 unchgd
Closing Tone of Silver—Fall caused by absence of buying orders.
Amount paid into the Bank of England about £150,000.
The Bombay mails of the 21st instant arrived at Brindisi yesterday afternoon.
Under date June 17th the Bank of England reported the following:—
"The sum of £12,500 has been set aside on account of Straits Settlement Note Guarantee Fund (Gold portion)."

SPECIE SHIPMENTS.

Silver to Bombay	£130,000
Bar Gold to Bombay	£ 60,000
Sovereigns to Bombay	£ 10,000

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—
Spot Steady—Fair demand.
Futures Steady.
Manchester Firm and very active.
Total Sales ... 10,000 bales.
Sold on Speculation and for Export ... 1,000
Imports ... 7,000 "
Mid-Americans ... 6-86+02
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown 10 3-16 unchgd.

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

July.-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.
6·62	6·60	6·52
—03	—03	—03
Oct.-Nov.	**Nov.-Dec.**	**Dec.-Jan.**
6·47	6·44	6·43
—03	—03	—03
Jan.-Feb.	**Feb.-Mar.**	**Mar.-Apr**
6·43	6·43	6·44
—03	—03	—03

New York Noon call Oct 11·85 Jan. 11·92.
New Orleans 10 a.m. Oct 12·06 Jan. 12·10.

NEW YORK— Bales.
Two Day's Receipts at U. S. Ports ... 4,000
" Receipts at " last year ... 1,600
" Exports to Great Britain ... 1,000
" Exports to Continent ... 6,000
" Spot Cotton ... 12·05
Futures—Month of Oct 11·61+04
Futures—Month of Dec. 11·90+03
} Advanced on favorable cables and declined partially on realizing.

NEW ORLEANS—
Spot cotton ... 12 1-2+1-16
Futures month of Oct ... 12·01+07
Futures month of Dec ... 12·01+07
Tone of Spot Cotton ... Firm

	Bales.
Week's Receipts at U. S. Ports	16,000
Do. exports to Great Britain	20,000
Do. do. to France & Continent	16,000
Do. do. to Japan	
Stock of cotton at U. S. Ports	324,000
Do. do. at Interior Ports	139,000

LIVERPOOL COTTON STATISTICS— Bales.
Total actual Exports ... 7,000
do Forwarded ... 81,000
do Imports ... 23,000
do Stocks ... 999,000
Stock of Cotton in London ... 3,430
Tone Dhootie and Shirtings ... Liverpool, July 5. Business done at higher rates.
Tone Cloth ... Strong considerable business being done at higher rates.

Weft American "54"	11 3-4
Weft Egyptian "80"	17 1-2
Tone—Yarn—Market	quiet.
Weft Egyptian "32"	11 3-4
Twist "32" W T C	10
Twist "32" B	10 1-2
Cloth G 20 36 inch	13 6
Twist "36" W T C	10 1-4
Twist "36" B	10 3-4
Twist "42"	11 7-8
Twist American "60"	16
Twist Egyptian "60"	16 3-4
Twist Egyptian "80"	21
40s Banner Mill Twist	11
Geo Mayall's Yarn	10 7-8

F. G. F. Tinnevelly C I F—Liverpool ... 6 1-32
Buyers or Sellers ... Sellers.
Months ... July.-Aug.

ADDITIONAL QUOTATION.

Good Bengal M. G.	d 5 9-16
F. G. Bengal M. G.	d 5 10-16
Fine Bengal M. G.	d 5 12-16
Good Bhownagger	d 5 13-16
F. G. Bhownagger	d 5 14-16
Fine Bhownagger	d 6
Fine M. G. Bhownagger	d 6
Good Oomras M. G.	d 5 14-16
F. G. Oomras M. G.	d 6
Fine Oomras M. G.	d 6 2-16
Good M. G. Oomras	d 5 14-16
Fine M. G. Oomras	d 6 2-16
Good Broach	d 6 1-16
F. G. Broach	d 6 7-32
Fine Broach	d 6 6-16
Good Khandeish	d 6 6-16
F. G. Khandeish	d 5 14-16
Fair Red Cocconada C. I. F. London	d 4 23-32
Cocconada Ginned C I F London	d 4 7-8
G. M. Westerns C I F London	d 5 7-32

WHEAT.

Wheat White Delhi	Nominal
Do. Months—	.....
Do. Name of Ports—	.....
Wheat White Karachi	38 unchgd
Do. Months—	June-July
Do. Name of Ports—London—Value.	
Wheat Red Karachi	37 5-9 unchgd
Do Months—June-July—London—Value.	

Tone—Steady.

SOUTH AMERICAN.

Rosario Santa Fe-61lbs.	No sellers.
Do. Month—	.....
Barletta Russo 62 1-2 lbs	No sellers

SOUTH AUSTRALIAN.

South Australian	39 3-4 unchgd
Do Month	June—Sellers.

SEEDS.

SAFFLOWER—
Yellow Cawnpore per 416 lbs 85 p.c ex-ship. ... No Sellers.
Do. Months— ....
Do. Name of Ports— ....
Yellow Gujarat, per 416 lbs. 85 p. c. ex-ship ... Nominal
Do. Months— ....
Do. Name of Ports,— ....
Brown Cawnpore ... 49 3-4—1-4
Do. Months—July-Aug.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Nominal.
Tone—Quiet.

LINSEED—
Bombay, per 416 lbs ex-ship ... 66 7-8—1-8
Do. Months—July-Aug.
Do. Name of Ports.—Antwerp—Done.
Tone—Quiet.
Linseed Calcutta ... ... 63-2—1d
Do. Months—July-Aug.
Do Name of Port—London—Done—Buyers—Steady.
Linseed Argentine—La Plata ... 58 1-4 + 1-4
Do. Months—July-Aug
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Sellers.

COTTONSEED.—
Bombay Cottonseed Market ... £7-3-6 unchgd
July-Aug.—Hull—Nominal—Steady.

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE—
In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality). ... ... 14 5-8 unchgd

RUBBER—
Para Rubber ... ... 4 8-1-4 + 1-4d.
July Aug.—Done—Steady

METALS—
Copper Braziers ... £ 89—1-2
Yellow Metal ... d 7 9-16 unchgd.
Standard Copper G M B ... £ 78 2-1—1-4
English best selected Copper:... £ 82 1-2
Bar Iron, Belgian No. 2 ordinary sizes F. O. B. Antwerp ... 5 18 6
Iron Corrugated Sheets 24 gauge G.O.B. 4 per cent. F. O. B. Liverpool ... 12 2 6
Basic steel Bars Belgian C. I. F. India ... 6 7 6

FREIGHTS—
Coals:—Cardiff to Bombay Canals...12s 6d.

SUGAR—
German Granulated Sugar C & F India (Double bags) ... 15 7 1-2—3-4d Value
Do. Months of Shipment...June-Aug
Tone—Quiet—Very limited business.
Hungarian Crystals Sugar C & F India ... Neglected.
Do Months of Shipments ... .
German Beet-root 88 p.c. ...11 1 1 2—1-2d.
Months of Shipments August—Sellers
Tone—Quiet—Less doing.
E A S & Similar Crystal C & F India ... 16 8 1 4—3-4d
Months of shipments ... July-Aug—Sellers.
Tone—Quiet—Rather easier
Mauritius Crystals C & F Calcutta and Bombay ... Nominal
Month of Shipments ... .

JAVA SUGAR.
Raw Java Nos. 16×18 C and F Calcutta—
Do. 10 7 1-2—Aug—Value.
Do. 10 9—July.—Value
Do. 10 7 1-2—Sept-Nov—Value
Raw Java C and F Bombay and Karachi—
Do. 10 9—Aug.—Value
Do. 10-10 1-2—July—Value.
Do. 10 9—Sept-Nov—Value
Fine White Java C & F Calcutta—
Do. 12—Aug—Value
Do. 12 1 1-2—July—Value.
Do. 12 1-2—July—Value.
Fine White Java C and F Bombay and Karachi—
Do. 12 1 1-2—Aug.—Value.
Do. 12 3—Value
Do. 12 1 1-2—July—Value.
Tone—Very Steady—Not much doing.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

SATURDAY EVENING.] [6TH JULY, 1912.

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Packages.	Value.	From	Importers.
	Rs.		
72 Bars Silver	1,50,000	London	National Bank
1 Box Sovs.	27,750	Alexandria	do
1 Box Sovs	33,300	Malta	do
20 Bars Silver	40,500	London	Mercantile Bank
292 Bars Silver	6,00,000	do	International Bank
309 Bars Silver.	6,37,500	do	Yokohama Bank

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY BY RAIL on 4th July, 1912.

By	Bars	Ounces.
G. I. P. Railway	10	11,787
B. B. and C. I. Railway	18	22,094

FINANCIAL.

EXCHANGE:—
The market opened quiet but steady at 1s. 4 1-32d. T. T. and Demand, and 1s. 4 7-32d. for 3 months' sight Credits. Owing to the mail there has been little fresh business offering. Far Eastern rates are steady.

We quote:—

T. T. on London	1s. 4 1-32d.
Demand Draft	1s. 4 1-32d.
Credits 3 months' sight	1s. 4 7-32d.
Do. do forward	1s. 4 1-4d. August.
Do. do France	170 1-2
Do. do Marks	138 3-4
Hongkong 60 days' sight	148 1-4
Shanghai "	201 3-4
Japan "	150

GOVERNMENT PAPER:—
The market opened steady at 95 7-8 for Cash and 95 3-4 for the Settlement, and after declining 1-16 in both positions closes steady at 95 15-16 for Cash, 95 3-4 for account. A moderate business has been done.

We quote:—

Cash	Rs. 95 15 0
Settlement	" 95 12 0

BULLION:—
Quotations for Bar Silver in London yesterday were 1-16 lower both for ready and forward at 28 1-8 and 28 1-4 respectively. The local market opened quiet at 71 5-16 ex-duty for ready and 71 1-2 for the Settlement, and has gone easier during the day, closing 1-8 lower in both positions. There has been little business passing. Bar gold is steady.

We quote:—

English Bar Gold	...	Rs.	23 15 6
Australian "	...	"	23 15 6
Sovereigns "	...	"	15 0 0
Silver (ex duty)			
Ready	...	"	71 3 0
1st Settlement	...	"	71 6 0
2nd Settlement	...	"	.....
Silver (cum duty)			
Ready	...	"	80 9 0
1st Settlement	...	"	80 12 0
2nd Settlement	...	"	.....

COTTON.

MARKET REPORT:—
The American market, though closing steadier, did not respond to the advance in Liverpool, and private advices report profit taking on the Bureau advance. In the local market we have had a quiet day, little business having been done in "Suttas." Good Broach opened at Rs. 304 1-2 and closes quiet at Rs. 304. Weather conditions are rather more favourable. Nagpur reports 3 inches of rain, which was much needed. The temperature is falling in the United Provinces though still above normal, Cawnpore report a rainfall of 1-2 an inch.
For ready cotton the enquiry has been moderate. Prices keep steady.

QUOTATIONS:—

NEW CROP.

Good M. G. Broach	...	Rs.	304 Mar. 1913
Fine M.G. Wardha-Hinganghat		"	300 Jan. "
Fine M. G. Nagpur	...	"	297 " "
Fine M.G. Dhamangaon Pulgaon		"	291 " "
F. M. G. Khamgaon-Akola	...	"	287 " "
Fine M. G. Khandeish	...	"	270 " "
F. G. M. G. Khandeish	...	"	262 " "
Fine M. G. Bengal	...	"	270 " "
F. G. H. G. Bengals	...	"	235 " "

OLD CROP.

Good Saw Ginned Dharwar		"	292 July-Aug.
Good H. G. Westerns		"	262 "
Good M. G. Westerns	...	"	270 "

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

LINSEED:—
The market continues quiet but steady.
We quote:—

Ready	...	Rs.	11 10 6 B.T.
September	...	"	12 7 9 B.T.
Apl-May 1913	...	"	11 4 3 B.T.

RAPESEED:—
The market is quiet but steady.
We Quote:—

Brown Delhi Apl-May 1913		Rs.	8 7 0 B.T.
Brown Cawnpore ready	...	"	8 10 0 B.T.
Yellow "	...	"	9 5 6 B.T.

GINGELLYSEED:—
Tone—Steady.
Bold White 85 p.c. ... Rs. 60 0 0 Nominal

POPPYSEED:—
Tone—Steady. We quote:—

Ready	...	"	Rs 13 8 0 B. T.
Forward	...	"	" 14 4 0 B. T.

CASTORSEED:—
Tone—Steady. We quote:—
Ready ... ... Rs. 37 0 0

COTTONSEED:—
Tone—Steady. We quote:—
Ready ... ... Rs. 7 4 0 B. T.

GROUNDNUTS:—
We quote:
Jan.-Feb. ... ... Rs. 47 0 0 Nominal.

MOWRASEED:—
Tone—Steady. We quote:—
Ready ... ... Rs. 7 4 0 B. T.

WHEAT:—
The market is quiet but steady.
We quote:—

White Pissi ready 85 p.c.		Rs.	5 5 6 R. T.
" Delhi Aug-Sept	...	"	5 9 0 "
" " May 1913	...	"	5 10 0 "

SHARES.

BANKS.

Bank of Bombay	...	...	1,770
Bank of India	...	...	65 1-2
Eastern Bank	...	...	89
Indian Specie	...	...	65

MILLS.

David	...	...	452 1-2
Kohinoor	...	...	780
Manockji Petit	...	...	2,725
New Great Eastern	...	...	245
Standard	...	...	1,337 1-2

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bombay E. S. & T. C. Ordinary			167
Bombay E. S. & T. C. Preference			186
Bombay S. N. Co. Ord.	...	...	307 1-2
Colaba Land and Mill	...	...	1,427 1-2
Shivrajpur Mining Syndicate	...	...	22 1-2

RAILWAY.

Tapti Valley	...	...	537 1-2

DAY'S RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of produce into Bombay, during the 24 hours ended at 6 p.m., yesterday:—

Cotton	...	...	4,281 bales.
Wheat	...	...	37,671 cwts.
Linseed	...	...	16,998 "
Rapeseed	...	...	12,086 "
Gingellyseed	...	...	772 "
Poppyseed	...	...	1,227 "
Groundnuts	...	...	43 "
Castorseed	...	...	5,847 "
Rice	...	...	37,458 "
Myrabollams	...	...	208 "
Cottonseed	...	...	1,643 "
Mowrasee	...	...	1,079 "
Gram	...	...	8,142 "
Joowar	...	...	762 "
Maize	...	...	Nil
Barley	...	...	4,858 "

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, JULY 6.] [BOMBAY, JULY 7.

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Plus.	Minus.
2½ per cent. Consols	75 13-16		1-8
3 do. Rentes	92 1-2		unchgd
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	91 1-2		unchgd
do. Govt. Securities	64 1-8		unchgd
Bar Silver in London	28 1-16		1-16
do. 2 months' hence	28 3-16		1-16
do. in New York	51		1-8
Exchange on London at Paris	25-23 1-2	01	
do. at Berlin	20-47	1-2	
do. at New York	4-87 3-8		unchgd
Discount Bank of England Rate	3	since	
do. Short London Bills	9th May.		
3 months' sight	2 3-4		unchgd
do. Indian Bank Bills, 6 months' sight	3 5-8		unchgd
do 3 months' Fine Trade Bills	3 1-4		unchgd
do, 6 months' Fine Trade Bills	4		unchgd
Interest day-to-day Loans	1 7-8		unchgd
Interest 7 day Market Loans	2		unchgd

Bar Gold ... 77-9 unchgd
Exchange on India, 30 days' sight (Bank buying rate) 1 3 29-32 unchgd.
Closing Tone of Silver—Steady.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—
Spot Easier.—Quiet.
Futures ... Quiet steady.
Total Sales ... 7,000 bales.
Sold on Speculation and for Export ... 500 "
Imports ... 7,000 "
Mid-Americans ... 6·82—02
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown ... 10 3-16 unchgd

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

July-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.
6·60	6·57	6·50	6·44	6·41
—02	—03	—02	—03	—03
Dec.-Jan.	**Jan.-Feb.**	**Feb.-Mar.**	**Mar-Apl**	
6·40	6·40	6·41	6·41	
—03	—03	—02	—03	

NEW YORK—

Day's Receipts at U.S. Ports	Bales. 2,000
Day's Receipts at U.S. last year	.....
Exports to Great Britain	1,000
Exports to Continent	.....
Spot Cotton—	12·15 + 15
Futures—Month of Oct. 12·07+26	Advanced on unfavorable weather report and on bull support and shorts covering.
Futures—Month of Dec. 12·16+26	

NEW ORLEANS—

Spot Cotton	— 12 5-8 + 1-8
Futures—Month of Oct.	... 12·30+29
Do. do. Dec	... 12 31+30
Tone of Spot Cotton	... Firm.

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON REPORT.

	Bales.
Total into Sight	15,240,000
Egyptian Visible Supply	150,000
East Indian do	141,000
American do	2,118,000
Other do	33,000
Total Sales	62,000
East Indian sales	200
Total Speculation	4,000
Do. Exportation	3,000
East Indian Export	200
Do. Indian Stock	5,000
Do. Forwarded Consumer	200
Do. Actual Exports	100
Do. Week's Imports	Nil.
Do. Speculation	Nil.
Americans Afloat	30,000
East Indian	12,000
Total afloat	64,000

Manchester, June 29.

Grey shirtings 41-42 in. 38 yards 16×15 ...8 8 1-2
" " 41 in. 38-38 1-2 yds 9lbs ...9 1 1-2
White " 40-41 in. 40 yards 18 sqr ...10 8 1-2
" nainsooks 43 in. 19 yards 22×21 ... 7

WHEAT.

Wheat White Delhi			Nominal
Do. Months—			.....
Do. Name of Ports—			.....
Wheat White Karachi		...	37 3-4
Do. Months—June-July.			
Do. Name of Ports—London—Value.			
Wheat Red Karachi		...	37 3-8
Do. Month—June-July—London.—Value.			

Tone—Quiet.

SOUTH AMERICAN.

Rosario Santa Fe—62lbs ...	... No sellers.
Do. Months—	.....
Barletta Russo 61lbs ...	... No sellers.

SOUTH AUSTRALIAN.

South Australian ...	... 39 1-2
Do Month	... June—Sellers.

SEEDS.

RAPESEED—
Yellow Cawnpore per 416 lbs., 85 p.c. ex-ship ... 55 1-4
Do. Months— ... July-Aug.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Nearest—Value.
Yellow Gujerat, per 416 lbs, 85 p. c. ex-ship ... ... Nominal.
Do Months ... ...
Do Name of Ports. ... ...
Brown Cawnpore ... 49 3-4
Do. Months—July-Aug.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Sellers.
Tone—Quiet.

LINSEED—
Bombay per 416 lbs ex-ship ... 67
Do. Months—July-Aug.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Sellers.
Tone—Quiet.
Linseed Calcutta 63
Do. Months—July-Aug.
Do. Name of Ports—London—Buyers—Quiet.
Linseed Argentine—La Plata ... 58
Do. Months—July-Aug.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Sellers.
Linseed report from River Plate ... 65,000
" Afloat 280,000

COTTONSEED—
Bombay Cottonseed Market ... £7 3 6 July-Aug
Hull—Nominal—Steady.

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE—
In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality) ... ... 14 5-8 unchgd

RUBBER—
Para Rubber 4-8 1-4—July-Aug—Done—Quiet.

SUGAR—
German granulated sugar C. and F. India double bags ... 15-7 1-2—Value.
Do. Months of Shipment ... June-Aug—Quiet.
Hungarian Crystals Sugar C & F India neglected.
Do. Months of Shipments ... .
German Beet-root 88 p. c. ... 11-1 3-4—Sellers.
Months of Shipments ... Aug.—
Tone—Quiet, little change in values.
E A R & Similar Crystals C & F India ... .
Months of Shipments ... .
Tone—Quiet, unchanged.
Mauritius Crystal C & F Calcutta and Bombay ... Nominal.
Months of Shipments .....
Java sugar—Unchanged—Little doing.

INDIAN YARNS IN CHINA.

Hongkong, June 21.

Our last circular, per s. s. "Delta" was dated 8th inst. During the past fortnight, order having freely reached here from the consuming districts, the dealers, in spite of their reluctance to operate owing to the high rate of exchange, were compelled to enter the market. Consequently, we have to report a large and brisk business, amounting to about 14,000 bales compressing more than one-half "Tens," and the remaining half divided between 12, 16 and 20.
Prices, on the whole, have kept fairly steady, while in some instances of first class chops of 20 an advance of dols 1 to dols 2 per bale has been successfully established.
Total sales 14,000 bales.
Unsold Stocks 11,840 bales.
Sold but un-delivered in the godown and to arrive 27,000 bales.
Arrivals.—The Mail steamer "Assaye" and extra steamers "Ischia" and "Tossa Maru" from Bombay, and steamer from Calcutta have brought in 13,038 bales for Hongkong and 11,054 bales for Shanghai. Shipments from Hongkong to Shanghai and Coast ports, &c. amount to about 1,000 bales.
Local Mill.—The following business has been reported. 300 bales. No. 10 at dols. 130, and 300 bales No. 16 at dols. 135 to dols. 138.
Shanghai.—This northern market is remain quiet.
Japanese Yarn.—Sales as follows. 400 bales Setsu No. 10 at dols. 126 1-2 and 450 bales No. 20 at dols. 156.50. 900 bales yellow chess No. 20 at dols. 145.50.
Raw Cotton.—No stocks of either Chinese or Bengal. Quotation Bengal at dols. 28 to 32. Chinese at dols. 30 to 34 per picul.
* Quotations only, no sales.

DAILY EXPORTS—JULY 6.

FOR LIVERPOOL.
Circassia s—89 bales cotton, P. Devram.
City of Manchester s—6,000 cwts bone meal, Hollinghurst and Co.

FOR LONDON.
Caledonia s—237 cwts colombo roots, E Sultanally 3 bales skins, P. K. Lalkaka and Co; 75 cwts horns, G. Suchedina, 10 packages curios curtains, &c., B. J. Bhiumgara; 7 bales hides, P. E. Boyce and Sons.

FOR AMSTERDAM.
Rugbian s—23,339 cwts linseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR HULL.
Montebello s—3,529 cwts cottonseed, A. Khimjee.

FOR VALETTA.
Caledonia s—76 bales twist, Sassoon J. David and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.
Circassia s—990 cwts linseed, J. Fachiri; 1,760 cwts wheat, Ralli Bros.

FOR ANTWERP.
Gramsbergen s—4,112 cwts myrabollams, P. Mathooradas and Co.

FOR HAMBURG.
Pruth s—6 bales cotton, F. Forbes Campbell, and Co; 100 bales cotton, 95 bales cottonfly, Solomon Bros; 516 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

FOR ANCONA.
Sicilia s—200 bales cotton, Volkart Bros.

FOR NAPLES.
Sicilia s—1,501 cwts linseed, 2,500 cwts castorseed 2,000 cwts wheat, C Boggiano; 100 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co; 4,000 cwts wheat, K Devchand and Co.

FOR GENOA.
Sicilia s—2,002 cwts linseed, 6,000 cwts wheat, 2,000 cwts nigerseed, 2,002 cwts linseed, C Boggiano and Co; 998 cwts linseed, J Fachiri; 50 bales cotton, G Dossa and Co; 1,000 cwts linseed, K Devchand and Co.

FOR KOBE.
Bombay Maru s—200 bales cotton, M Amersey and Co; 3,450 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 100 bales cotton, The M B Kaisha.

FOR YOKOHAMA.
Vorwaerts s—700 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

FOR OSAKA.
Bombay Maru s—800 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

FOR HONGKONG.
Bombay Maru s—250 bales twist, M Amersey and Co; 540 bales twist, S J David and Co; 1,000 bales twist, C Ebrahim and Co; 1,200 bales twist, M M Essabhoy.
Vorwaerts s—100 bales twist, Framji Sons and Co.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender, Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

EUROPE.

BIRTH.

TURNER.—July 1, at Ipswich, the wife of C. W. A. Turner, I. C. S., of a daughter. (By cable.)

IN MEMORIAM.

In respectful memory of our late lamented friend and master, William Howe Middleton† (late District Traffic Superintendent, and Major, G. I. P. R. Volunteers, Commanding "A" Company), who died at Bombay on the 8th July 1894, away from home and relations but among friends and admirers.
His memory will ever be revered and cherished by us.
Traffic Department, Concan District.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

America-India Cinematograph, three shows nightly. Excelsior Cinematograph, Novelty Theatre. 7 to 8-30 and 10 to 11-30 p.m.

Maxim: "Trust that man in nothing who has not a conscience in everything."—Lawrence Sterne.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE.

The following are the hours of arrival and departure of the principal Mail trains and Express trains at and from Victoria Terminus and Colaba daily. Standard Time is given in all cases:—

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

	Arr.	Dep.
Punjab Mail	12-35	19-15
Calcutta Mail (via Jubbulpur)	13-20	21-15
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur)	7-15	13-0
Madras Mail	6-0	22-0
Poona Mail	11-5	14-45
Delhi Express (3rd and inter. class)	6-45	7-30
Poona Express	19-30	8-0
Manmad Express	12-20	14-30

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

	Arr.	Dep.
Northern Express	8-55	21-30
Gujerat Mail	8-25	21-50
Third Class Express	6-45	19-52

NOTICE TO JURYMEN.—The special jurors summoned for the present Criminal Sessions need not further attend the Sessions Court until such date as may be subsequently notified.

THE VICTORIA GARDENS.—The following animals have been presented to the zoological collection:—One leopard by the Chief of Aundh; and two Indian lorrikeets by Mrs. Deomal Udhandas.

SIR MANGALDAS NATHUBHAI CHARITABLE DISPENSARY.—The total number of patients treated in this dispensary during the month of June was 446 of whom 378 were males and 68 females.

PLAGUE ON S. S. "INDIA."—The P. and O. Company's mail steamer s.s. "India" which arrived in Bombay on Friday morning, reported that a case of plague occurred on board the steamer during her voyage. The patient was landed at Aden.

A USEFUL CHART.—Mr. Manilal K. Desai B.A. of Wilson College, has prepared a Chart of Natural Orders in Botany which should prove extremely useful to all B.A., R. Sc., and B. Agri., students and, indeed, to all who are interested in this fascinating study.

OBITUARY.—Bai Manekbai, wife of the Hon. Mr. Abdool Hoosein Adamji Peerbhoy, died on Friday night at her residence at Tardeo. The deceased lady had been ailing for some time. A large number of friends of the family attended the funeral. The Adamji Peerbhoy mill, the tent factory at Tardeo, the Western India Army Boot and Equipment Factory at Sion, and the establishment of Messrs. Sutor and Company were closed on Saturday out of respect for the deceased lady.

ACCIDENTS.—On Friday, at about 12-30 p.m., a stevedore's labourer named Sakharam Kania, whilst directing a sling of bags on board the s. s. "Gramsbergers" at the Victoria Dock, had his left arm jammed between the sling and the hatch fracturing it.—On Friday while a stevedore's labourer, Khetoji Kucharaji, was removing a bag on board the s. s. "Rehamani," Princes Dock, it accidently fell, injuring his right leg.

ASSAULT ON A POLICE SEPOY.—Baboo Dakhoo, a police constable on duty at the junction of Ripon Road and Sankli Street, reported that he was assaulted by Ellahibux Kassamali with a stick fracturing his jaw and right arm. The motive for the assault is said to be resentment at the conduct of the sepoy who is said to have ordered the wife of the accused a blind woman who was begging, to clear off the foot-path and that in doing so he touched her with his umbrella. The accused has been arrested. The police sepoy was removed to the hospital where he was detained for treatment.

THEFTS.—Captain C. C. Sharpland, master of the s. s. "Clan'MacAlpin" lying in the Princes Dock, reported to the police on Friday, that somebody entered his cabin and removed his waist coat containing, an open face gold watch, one gold albert curb chain, currency notes of the value of Rs. 50, and one Morocco leather card case.—Chhagan Coopa, a goldmith resident at Matunga, has reported to the police that between 8-30 and 9-30 on Friday morning, his shop was broken into and silver of the value of Rs. 50 stolen from an open box.—Bomanji Hormasji Wadia, residing at Government House Road, Parel, reported to the police that on Friday at about 2-30 a.m. he was roused from sleep by his wife shouting "thief" "thief." He stated that he saw a man running away—four saris, and a pair of gold earrings were missed. On a search being made in the compound the police found one sari and the earring collectively valued at Rs. 63. The thieves managed to get away with the three sarees valued at Rs. 90.

SUN, MOON AND TIDES.

The following are the hours and heights of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hours stated in Bombay Mean Time; depth of water is at Prince's Dock sill:—

Day of Month.	HIGH WATER. Bombay Mean Time.	Depth on Sill.	LOW WATER. Bombay Mean Time.	Depth on Sill.
July	h m	ft. in.	h m	ft. in.
8	m 4 57	24 5	m 10 27	20 6
	4 50 a	25 10	11 46 a	18 4
9	m 6 14	24 8	m 11 49	21 0
	5 45 a	25 6		
10	m 7 32	25 3	m 0 44	17 7
	6 50 a	25 5	1 14 a	21 4
11	m 8 44	26 3	m 1 40	16 9
	8 0 a	25 6	2 33 a	21 1
12	m 9 45	27 5	m 2 34	15 11
	9 11 a	27 10	3 38 a	20 6

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian Standard Time, during the ensuing week:—

July	8 Monday	"	6h 7m	"	7h 20m
"	9 (Tuesday)	"	6h 8m	"	7h 20m
"	10 (Wednesday)	"	6h 8m	"	7h 20m
"	11 (Thursday)	"	6h 8m	"	7h 20m
"	12 (Friday)	"	6h 9m	"	7h 20m

PHASES OF THE MOON.—Last Quarter, July 7th, 10h. 16·9m. p.m.; New Moon, 14th, 5h. 43·2m. p.m.; First Quarter, 21st. 10h. 43·4m. a.m., Full Moon, 29th, 9h, 58·2m, a.m.

OFFICIAL CHANGES.

Some Remarkable Stories from Rangoon.

SIR H. ADAMSON'S FUTURE.

It is rumoured, writes the Rangoon correspondent of "Capital," that the Government of India have rejected Sir Harvey Adamson's scheme to impose for a period of ten years a small cess on all rice and paddy exported from Burma, and that consequently Sir Harvey has tendered his resignation. It is also stated that Sir Harcourt Butler, who fills the portfolio of education, has been offered and accepted the satrapy. The papers, it is believed, have been forwarded Home for confirmation. It is also rumoured that the Hon. Mr. Gates, who expected some day to be elevated to the gadi at Mission Road

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The Hansa Line steamer Weissenfels, 2438 tons Captain T. Bellen, arrived in harbour on Friday evening from Hamburg via Antwerp with a general cargo.

The City Line steamer City of Manchester 3562 tons, Captain D. Martin, arrived in harbour on Friday evening from Birkenhead with a general cargo.

The Asiatic S. N. Co's steamer Nurani, 2,870 tons, Captain R. White, arrived in harbour on Saturday from Calcutta via Coast ports, with a general cargo.

The Austrian Lloyd's S. N. Co's steamer Vorwaerts, 3727 tons, Captain R. Dennecker, arrived in harbour on Friday evening from Trieste, with a general cargo and 33 passengers.

The B. I. S.N. Co's steamer Chyebassa, 3,991 tons, Captain D. L. Neilson arrived in harbour on Friday evening from Antwerp via Karachi, with a general cargo and 1 cabin and 2 deck passengers.

The steamer Belle of Ireland, 5771 tons, Captain S. A. Weeks, arrived in harbour on Friday evening from Tyne, with a cargo of coal,

The B. I. S. N. Co's steamer Obra, 3521 tons, Captain H. C. Fenwick arrived in harbour on Saturday from Rangoon with a general cargo.

The B. I. S. N. Co's steamer Linga, 951 tons, Captain W. H. Rothwell, arrived in harbour on Saturday from Karachi, with mails a general cargo and passengers.

The steamer Stephanotes 2,564 tons, Captain R. A. Goodridge arrived in Bombay harbour on Saturday evening from Calcutta 23rd June with a cargo of coal.

The steamer Bahrein 1403 tons, Captain G. C. Grant arrived in Bombay harbour on Saturday evening from Basreh 23rd June with a general cargo and 23 passengers.

The steamer Shirley, 2,193 tons, Captain R.Stone, sailed on Saturday for Calcutta with ballast.

The steamer Mary Ada Short, 2,325 tons, Captain W. T. Caldecott, sailed on Sunday for Dunkirk with a general cargo.

The Anchor Line steamer Circassia, 4,326 tons, Captain C. F. Osborne sailed on Saturday for Liverpool via Marseilles, with a general cargo and passengers.

The P. and O. Co's steamer Salsette, 2,391 tons, Captain H. G. H. Lewellin R. N. R., sailed on Saturday for Aden with mails a general cargo and passengers.

The Asiatic S. N. Co's steamer Bahadur, 2,939 tons, Captain T. M. Peet, sailed on Sunday for Calcutta via Coast ports with a general cargo.

The steamer Gramsbergen 3,157 tons Captain H. K. V. deGoot, sailed yesterday for Antwerp with a general cargo.

The B. I. S. N. Co's steamer Virawa, 2.127 tons Captain A. E. G. Tipper, sailed on Sunday for Rangoon etc., with a general cargo.

The Committee of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce have decided that Friday the 5th July 1912, should be regarded as a Fair Weather Working Day for vessels in the Prince's and Victoria Docks.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIP.

R I M S Dufferin ...Comdr Vines ....R I M
B I M S Hardinge...Comdr Hordern ....R I M
R I M S Palinurus .Comdr Taylor ....Survey Boat
R I M S Minto .....Comdr De Burgh... .....S S Str
R I M S Investigator...Lieut Turbutt ....R I M
Dalhousie.....Comdr Sinclair ....R I Marine

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—July 6.

Ashburton ....2833 Mathews...J Mackintosh & Co
Belle of France .....2469 Carail ....A Yule & Co
Belle of Ireland ....2771 Weeks ....
Chyebassa .....3991 Neilson .....M M & Co
India.....4193 Gordon .....China ..17-7...
P & O Co
Kaisra .....505 King... .....M M & Co
Masunda .....3178 Burne..... ..W & A G & Co
Malda.....1250 Bambir..... .....M M & Co
Nurani.....2870 White ....T M & Co
Obra .....2521 Fenwick ....M M & Co
Pundua.....2126 McClelland..... .....M M & Co
Saifi .....565 Morin..... .....Arab S N Co
Shah Jehan .....2685 McBean..... .....Shah S N Co
Shirley.....2192 Stone..... .....T M & Co
Sealda .....2438 Johnson ....M M & Co
Qurimba.....4917 Saith ....M M & Co
Usaba.....3192 Wilson..... .....M M & Co
Upada .....3882 Hodgson... .....M M & Co
Vadala .....2164 Lima..... .....M M & Co
Weissenfels .....2138 Bebbair ....W & A G & Co

VESSELS IN DOCK.—July 6.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Tons.	Capts.	Dest.	Date.	Agents.
B Monibella	3770	Cro't	Karachi	.....	J F & Co
C&R City of Manchester	3562	Martin	.....	K'che	.....
				13-7...	K N & Co
D&E Clan Alpine	2235	Shotland	.....	.....	J Finlay & Co
D Parnea	2127	Williams	.....	.....	M M & Co
F Clan McNeil ...	2491	Higgins	.....	Grifton	..9-7...
					J Finlay & Co
G Mahamadi	1251	Watt	...Aden ...	12-7...	B & P S N Co
H Islami	1634	Newby...	Jeddah ...	11-7...	Bo&P S N Co
K Frank Coverdale	2488	Storm	.....	Port Said	10-7....
					Ralli Bros
M Pruth	2857	Evans	.....	Hamburg	..7-7....
					W & A G & Co
N Harpagus	3672	Johnson	.....	.....	6-7...R A Willis
O Budrie	1633	Fisher	...Arabs	Steamers & Co	

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Bombay Maru	3398	Noguchi	...Kobe	...12-7 ..	
				N Y K isha	
3 Sicilia	3186	Maganzini	.....	Genoa	..15-7...
					R Lina
5 Raghoan	2650	Brown	...Hamburg	...6-7	..R alli Bros
7 Vorwaerts	3727	Dannecker	.....	Kobe	...8 7.....
					A L S N Co
12&13 Caledonia	3430	Snow	.....	.....	P & O Co
15 Karrachee	2323	Cattral	.....	5-7	....Ralli Bros

H W P D

Linga	957	Rothwell	.....	.....	M M & Co
	30 ton crane				
Dredger Octopus	631	Strong	...Repairing		..B P Trust
M W D D					
Rahmani	1372	Greves	...Jeddah	...13-7	...Bo & P S N Co
Offside K					
Konig	3176	Holdt	.....	.....	A Strandes & Co

ARRIVALS.

July	Vessels.	Commanders.	From.
5	Weissenfels	Betten	Hamburg June 1
	City of Manchester	Martin	Birkenhead June 12
	Chyebassa	Neilson	Antwerp May 17
	Belle of Ireland	Weeks	Tyne June 5
	Worwaerts	Dennecker	Trieste June 11
6	Obra	Fenwick	Rangoon June 19
	Linga	Rothwell	Karachi July 4
	Nurani	White	Calcutta &c.
	Stephanotes	Goodridge	Calcutta June 23
	Bahrein	Grant	Basreh, June 23
7	Dunrobin	Carr	Calcutta June 20
	Dwarka	Moxon	Basreh June 29
	Arcadia	Burcham	Shanghai June 18

DEPARTURES.

July	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
6	Nawab	Kass	Calcutta
	Sulistan	Watt	Antwerp
	Shirley	Stone	Calcutta
	Circassia	Osborne	Liverpool
	Salsette	Lewellin	Aden
7	Gramsbergen	Goot	Antwerp
	Bahadur	Peet	Calcutta &c
	Maryada short	Caldecott	Dunkirk
	Virawa	Tipper	Rangoon

The following vessels began to load on Saturday :—
Steamer Sicilia, for Genoa.
" Chyebassa, for Antwerp.
" City of Manchester, for Liverpool via Karachi.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The B. I. S .N. Co, steamer Colaba left Aden on the 5th instant.

The Anchor Line steamer Massilia arrived Liverpool from Bombay on the afternoon of the 6th instant.

The Ellerman Line steamer City of Athens arrived at Marseilles homeward bound on Friday evening the 5th instant.

The Anchor Line steamer Olympia Homeward bound arrived at Suez on the 5th instant.

LAWRENCE & MAYO.

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TO THE PRINCIPAL OPHTHALMIC
SURGEONS IN THE EAST
By Appointment to
H. E. THE VICEROY AND GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF INDIA
AND
H. E. General Sir O'MOORE CREAGH,
V.C., G.C.B., I.A., Commander-in-Chief in India.

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Sums not exceeding Rs. 1,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.
Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors.
Interest is allowed at the rate of THREE PER CENT. per annum on the minimum monthly balance, not exceeding Rs. 5,000.
Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application to the Bank.

J. BEGBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

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NEW and Second-hand English-built CARRIAGES for SALE.
CARRIAGES and HORSES let on hire.
CROCKERY, CUTLERY, GLASS WARE, on sale and on hire.
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HOUSES FURNISHED with neat Furniture

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MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

GRAND	Price. Rs. a. p.	
Snowflake 150 deg.	6 0 2	per case.
White Rose 150 deg.	5 12 2	do.
Chester 125 deg.	4 12 2	do.
Devoe's Brilliant 125 deg.	4 8 2	do.
Tiger 125 deg.	4 8 2	do.
Monkey Brand 125 deg.	4 6 2	do.
White Camelia 125° (in tins.)	4 0 0	per 2 tins.
Camel Brand 125° (in tins).	4 0 0	do.
Elephant Brand 125° (in tins)	4 0 0	do.
do. Brand 125° (in bulk)	3 6 0	per 8 gallons

The Company's Local Agents sell all or any of the above oils at the prices stated. Deliveries of bulk oil on Malabar Hill and Cumballa Hill are made at half an anna extra charge for coolie hire to cover the increased cost of haulage.
All case oil sold by Standard Oil Co. of New York IS IMPORTED IN CASES.
Bandra Agent adds one anna to the above prices excepting for bulk.
Coorla and Andheri Agents add one anna and Thana Agent adds 2 1-2 annas to the above prices.
Order books supplied gratis on application.

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BEST FLAX CANVAS
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BANK STREET, FORT,
BOMBAY.

WORLD'S GREATEST PLEASURE
is to enjoy the advantages of perfect health. Many young men often betake themselves to various vices, that break down the health and very soon render them fit for nothing but the sick-bed. Isn't it a sad thing ?
ATANK NIGRAH PILL
is the only safe and reliable remedy for all diseases resulting from youthful indulgence. It tones up the entire nervous system.
It imparts wonderful strength and vigour by increasing and purifying the blood and preventing waste.
It is invaluable in weak digestion and constipation. In short it supplies everything that a man should have.
PRICE—Re. 1 for a box of 32 Pills.
WRITE TO-DAY :—VAIDYA SHASTRI.
MANISHANKER GOVINDJI,
Atank Nigrah Pharmacy,
Jamnagar Kathiawar.
Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.

THE REARING OF CHILDREN.
A Lecture delivered
BY
LT.-COL. COLLIE. I.M.S
PRICE ANNAS TWO; POSTAGE 1 ANNA
To be had from the "Bombay Gazette."

NOTICE.

THE FILE of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" may be seen at the Office of the MANAGER of "The Empire Ld.," at No. 12 A, Mission Row Calcutta, and the File of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of "The Bombay Gazette Ld."

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NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** All communications of a literary character should be addressed to the Editor, and all communications regarding Advertisements and Business matters generally, should be addressed to the General Manager. Communications should not be addressed to any individual members of the staff.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed Box 209 General Post Office, Bombay.

The Bombay Gazette.
Monday, 8th July, 1912.

THE CONQUEST OF THE AIR.

We have become so accustomed to scientific miracles that new discoveries and inventions, even when they appear to defy every law of nature, scarcely surprise us. The telegraph and telephone were sufficiently wonderful when they required posts and wires as a visible apparatus for their invisible work : now that "wireless" has come to stay, the prodigy seems scarcely more astounding. We are in fact keyed up to such a pitch of expectation nowadays that the achievement of the apparently impossible has lost its power to astonish. One element alone offers determined opposition to man's ingenuity ; he has so far obtained but an incomplete mastery of the air. He has devised a ship in which, fathoms deep under water, he can breathe and live, he has harnessed fire, and forced it into his service, he has perfected substances which it is powerless to harm. Earth has few secrets from him, but the air still defies him and takes sinister toll of intruders. The common sparrow, taught and fashioned by nature, flies, ascends, and alights with provoking ease, while the costly and cumbersome machines evolved by masterminds, lie in crumpled ruin upon the shattered bodies of their makers. The thought of flying has appealed to human ambition since the beginning of time. We are all familiar with the old pictures of angels, those lightly-clad, heavily-winged beings, who soared aloft in contradiction of all the laws which govern the principle of balance, since none of these supernatural visitants were possessed of the requisite tails which would be strictly necessary to maintain their equilibrium. Even before the legends of angels, we have the ancient stories of aspiring mortals, such as Icarus, who met with untimely ends ; their fate has not served as a deterrent to modern prototypes who, like them, have fallen victims to their effort at aerial navigation.

Apart from picture and story, the actual experiments in aeronautics date from a very early period, the balloon and the kite are thousands of years old, and parachutes are as ancient as history. The first designers of aerial craft could not get the idea of boats out of their minds, just as the first makers of motor-cars used horse-drawn vehicles for their model. These air-boats looked well enough upon paper, but experiment proved their impracticability, while baloons, owing to the difficulties of steering, could scarcely be considered as dominating the element which had them at its mercy. The earlier specimens of so-called dirigibles were a sad disappointment to their inventors, for their evolutions were always uncertain ; the closing decades of the nineteenth century showed a marked development in this type of airship, and no doubt there is a useful future before the dirigible. The first aeroplanes were constructed on scientific principles. The flight of birds was closely observed, certain careful deductions were made, and the theories evolved were put into practice. One of the first experimenters was Sir Hiram Maxim, who attained only partial success, but his demonstrations inspired other inventors with hope, and the American, Langley, rendered valuable service by his tests, which showed what motor-driven models were capable of achieving. His machine, named the aerodrome, was the predecessor of an apparatus fitted with gliders, one of which cost its originator his life for Lilienthal, during one of his flights fell to the ground and fractured his spine. The Wright brothers experimented with unflagging zeal and made many successful flights.

Although America has always been represented in the advance-guard of aerial inventions, France has undoubtedly earned the place of leadership, for the foremost names of record breakers are chiefly French. Santos-Dumont, Bleriot, the Comte de Lambert-Farman, Paulhan—to quote a few, are men who are representatives of what France has done for progress in aviation. Almost every civilised country can, however, boast of men who have devoted themselves to the inventing and perfecting of aeroplanes ; the death-roll is inscribed with names belonging to every nationality, nearly a hundred and fifty aviators have met with sudden and ghastly deaths during the few years in which the aeroplane has been in use. In spite of this grim record there is no lack of enthusiastic new-comers who press forward eagerly to fill the places of those who have perished, a proof, if proof were lacking, that courage and a ceaseless impulse towards progress are still common even in these degenerate days. Each inventor in turn believes that he has discovered the secret of successful flight. He sees in imagination a sky as full of sails as the sea is full of ships. He forecasts a world peopled with winged beings. Patiently and laboriously these pioneers of aerial locomotion work out their plans, producing the great machines in which are materialized so many expectations and such high hopes, for who weighs the thought of a broken neck or a shattered skull against the splendid possibility of being the first to fly as a bird flies, with facility, confidence, and security.

THE BOMBAY PLUMBER.

In Bombay for many years past people have been allowed to follow and exercise the trade of plumbing without proper qualification. They were not trained craftsmen, they were not judges of work, and they often employed incompetent workmen to the discomfort of the citizens. The one thing they gave attention to was the preparation of bills. This state of things lasted for a long time and meanwhile the difficulty of obtaining sound and durable workmanship continued. Ten years ago a householder wrote privately to Mr. Bruce, the late water engineer, asking him to recommend a capable and reliable plumber. Mr. Bruce regretted that he could not. The same person at a later date had a tank and water fittings put up in his office, and the work was given to an old established plumber who, instead of measuring up the walls and spaces carefully and preparing everything for erection in his own workshop, brought a pipe-screwing machine to the office and made a mess of oil and cuttings on the landing, while each piece was cut and screwed bit by bit to avoid errors of measurement. The Corporation has at last taken the matter in hand and the Commissioner after due enquiry has reported in terms that are not complimentary to the plumbers, and they have got a leading firm of solicitors to petition against the proposed rules, which are to the effect that he who would be a plumber must give actual proof of his knowledge of the trade by doing certain prescribed kinds of work in the presence of a qualified official. This, in a trade that had been allowed pretty much to go as it pleased, is regarded as downright "zoolum." But the Commissioner is hard-hearted and practical. He sees no reason why plumbing material should not be handled as well here as they are in other countries, and if plumbers will not be at the trouble to know their duties they, and not the public, should suffer. All this is revolutionary, and dead against custom and tradition which allows a craftsman who, by skill and diligence, has risen to the position of an employer of skilled labour, to bring up his sons in the more gentlemanly work of the office so that they may not soil their hands.

There are certain members of the Corporation who sympathise with the plumbers who were getting on so comfortably. There are members who could not pass the most elementary examination on plumbing or even on sanitation: they can only talk. But there are others who are fully alive to the annoyance and risks from which the people have suffered for long years from leaky gutters, pipes and taps or badly trapped or ill-laid drain pipes. India is notorious for the carelessness and dishonesty of her workmen, and for the indifference of Indian reformers regarding them. Not one plumber in twenty can fix window panes properly; some require the aid of nails as well as putty, others use putty that neither adheres to the wood nor the glass, and after a time allows the pane to fall out. It is well that the Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute is about to open a class for practical plumbing where, without waste of time, and under a carefully organised course of instruction, boys and men may learn all the most important truths regarding the exercise of their craft. Among these there is none more interesting and important than the effect of heat on metals in the process of manipulation, especially with regard to mixtures of lead and tin, and also to sheet zinc. The instruction will go to the root of all the worst habits of the local plumber, and it may be safely said that the pupils that learn the institute with proofs of their craftsmanship will find many employees wanting to engage them.

GLOOM IN NOVELS.

Mr. Balfour is very troubled, not by any Parliamentary crisis, or any vagaries of the Government, not by being unaccountably off his game, or by having broken an indispensable cleek ; these things, comparatively speaking would move him not, but he does take to heart the gloomy tone of the present day novelists. He is willing to admit that perhaps his approach to the 'sere and yellow leaf' of age may have something to do with his lost relish for fiction, but he thinks nevertheless that the modern writers dwell unnecessarily on "the worm, the canker, and the grief," and depress the reader beyond the point even of a luxurious "good cry" over imaginary tragedies. There certainly is a tendency, in the newer schools of fiction, to continue monotonously in a minor key. This harping upon dismal things is infinitely more wearisome than the great tragic masterpieces for which we have such deep affection. When a sole survivor picks his way with difficulty across a corpse-strewn stage, the prospect does not as a rule call forth even the readiest tear : when in the good old roystering romance, the hero and his gallant band perish nobly, we are not more than reasonably affected. Some of the new books, however, hang leaden weights on our spirits. We open them for amusement and find ourselves forced to contemplate the sufferings of really charming people, who are victims of hereditary madness, cancer, phthisis, and other terrible diseases : sometimes the hero or heroine is morally affected by equally ugly defects of character, and the ingenuity and talent which lend reality to these imaginery horrors, are only an added cause for complain. "Really, Mr. A., Miss B. and Mrs. C., it is too bad of you. The next time you take up your facile pens, let it be with the resolve to dispense with all this acrid cynicism, this dreary enumeration of medical details, this introspection of corroded souls." What we want is something to beautify life's commonplace, something to bring a little gold into the grey. And Mr. Balfour thinks so too.

BRITAIN'S ARCHÆOLOGICAL TREASURES.

Considerable attention seems to have been excited in Britain by the disclosures which were made the other day by the Secretary of the Society of Antiquaries as to the insecurity of national treasures of archæological interest. Art treasures have been allowed to depart from the British Isles with lamentable frequency and the recent instance of the Tattershall mantelpieces, which was saved to the nation only by the prompt action of Lord Curzon, was a forcible reminder of the fact that objects of antiquarian interest are no less immune from risk of sale abroad than are pictures and other more portable objects of artistic value. Mr. Peers, the Secretary of the Society which has been mentioned, has been giving evidence before a Joint Parliamentary Committee which is considering the question of the preservation of ancient monuments, and he says that Britain is the most backward country in Europe with regard to the preservation of monuments. He gave an impressive illustration of his meaning by the remark that the nation possessed no powers, which could prevent an American from purchasing Stonehenge, and re-erecting it in his private park. Now for physical and sentimental reasons, for its huge size and its quaint traditions, no archæological monument in England appeals so much to the popular imagination, is so much enshrined in the popular affections as is Stonehenge ; therefore it is easy to realise that the startling statement has roused some excitement. We must wait to see whether this will quickly die down as popular emotion on similar subjects has done before. If it does, it will be well to remember that these monuments of our common ancestors are Imperial as much as national possessions, and it will be time for Britons overseas to make an effort to awake the British conscience.

MR. G. B. SHAW.

When Mr. George Bernard Shaw begins to champion religion, we feel impelled to ask if Saul is also among the prophets. He has lately explained to the world in general exactly what his creed is, which proceeding has considerably surprised both his adherents and his opposers, not so much on account of the peculiarity of his religious views, as on account of his possessing any religious views at all. It is not so very long ago since he openly proclaimed his agnosticism ; a few years later he abandoned this comparatively neutral attitude ; as he says, "Quite a sensation was caused at the first meeting of the Shelley Society when I said I was an athiest : a couple of pious ladies immediately resigned—what they supposed Shelley to have been I do not know." He now reverts to the immemorial belief that religion is the only possible salvation for our degenerate civilization. He says, moreover, that caddishness and irreligion are interchangeable terms, and that true piety is the hall-mark of gentility. This conception opens the way to an interesting train of speculative thought, the much discredited term of "gentleman," if this opinion ever becomes general, will soon acquire a wholesome exiguity. We have, however, for so long looked upon Bernard Shaw as a person who can be relied upon to shock us delightfully that his new attitude is perhaps a little disappointing, this lapse from his accustomed whimsical insanity is not quite what one would have expected ; the old order is indeed changing when our G.B.S., our master of paradox, says in a perfectly simple and straightforward manner "your purpose in life is simply to help on the purpose of the Universe."

THE P. and O. Company's steamer "Mooltan" arrived at Plymouth on the morning of the 6th instant.

THE P. and O. Company's s. s. "Nyanza" with the homeward mails of the 29th ultimo arrived at Aden at noon on Saturday the 6th instant.

THE Government of Bengal have appointed a Committee to enquire into the allegations of malpractice at the recent examinations at the Calcutta Madrassa.

AMONG the passengers who proceeded to Europe on Saturday by the P. and O. Co's. mail steamer "Salsette," were—the Hon. Mr. Justice A. Kensington, Major General T. D. Pilcher, C. B., Marquis de Castrello, Mr. W. S. Hamilton, I. C. S., and Mr. Scott-Smith, I.C.S.

THE Conference which sat in Calcutta to discuss matters relating to the Dacca University scheme has ended. The proceedings are not made public, but it is stated that amongst others three proposals were considered : one in regard to the establishment of a college at Dacca to be called "Hardinge College" for the prosecution of higher studies, the second relating to the establishment of a Medical College, and the third in regard to raising of the Dacca Madrassa to the status of a college. It is understood the Conference supported the Dacca University scheme.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

RUSSIAN'S NEW NAVY.

The Kaiser and the Flag.

POWERS AND TURKEY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

PARIS, JUNE 22.

Wednesday night's sitting of the Russian Duma is regarded as the climax and end of the great opposition struggle against the repeated efforts of the discredited naval authorities to secure their first step in regaining the ground lost in the Japanese war, which has been obstinately carried on by the national representatives and Russian public opinion for the past seven years. From eleven o'clock in the morning until past two o'clock this morning, a crowded Duma hotly discussed the proposed naval programme, and finally voted for it by the overwhelming majority of 328 against 71. Besides the Government majority, the Octobrists (except their leader, M. Gutchkoff), the members of the Right, and the Nationalists, and even the Poles and the Mohammedan Deputies, voted in favour of the measure. The sitting was held with closed doors but the Press was allowed to publish the proceedings with the exception of certain suppressed parts of the debate. The Russian Premier and Minister of Finance, M. Kokovtseff, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, M. Sazonoff, and, in fact, all the Ministers of the Crown, and no less than eighty-five superior naval officers, were present on the Ministerial benches. A most energetic and patriotic speech was made by M. Kokovtseff, who was much applauded from the centre and the Right of the House. Russia's first step in the regeneration of her navy, which was voted for last night, will consist in the expenditure of some hundreds of millions of roubles annually for the next five years. To begin with, it is proposed to build four armoured cruisers, eight lighter cruisers, thirty-six large torpedo craft for the Baltic, and eighteen submarines. But the most interesting part of the plan is the new naval bases in the Baltic. Cronstadt will remain as the main naval and military port, but a new naval and fortified harbour will be formed nearer the seat of probable operations in the Baltic, at Revel, which can be kept open all the year round, while auxiliary bases will be strengthened at the former Swedish fortress of Sveaborg off Helsingfors, midway between Revel and Cronstadt.

IMPERIAL FLAG TO FOLLOW TRADE.

The Emperor William was present at a banquet on board the Hamburg-Amerika liner Victoria Luise on the conclusion of the regatta on the Lower Albe. In reply to an address of welcome by the Burgomaster, Dr. Burchard, the Emperor William made a speech of some length, in which his Majesty said that the prosperity of the old Hansa towns had been bound to wane as they had not the support of Imperial power. "Thanks to the creation of the Empire by my grandfather," the Emperor continued, "things have changed. The German merchant can now proceed tranquilly upon his way, not under a foreign, but under his own flag. He can exert all his ability, and is sure that when necessary the protection of the Empire is behind him. That is only possible when all resources are gathered under the German flag. But the flag must fly in honour. It must not be raised in a light spirit, where its defence is not assured. "You will understand why I have observed restraint in unfurling the German flag in places where it may have been desired and longed for by many. I have let myself be guided by the old Hanseatic device on the Lubeck Town Hall : 'A little flag is easily hoisted, but the costs much to lower it with honour.' I belive that I can easily claim that hitherto none has touched the honour of our flag. So long as I reign—to this much I can pledge myself, this I can promise—my flag shall follow where you go before."

BARON MARSCHALL'S MISSION.

The day on which Baron Marschall von Bieberstein arrived in London has been chosen as the appropriate time for the publication of an article in the "Koinische Zeitung," in which the views of the Imperial Government on the relations between England and Germany might be summarised. Although the name of the Ambassador is not mentioned, the stress laid on the necessity for dissipating such distress of Germany as may be felt in England makes clear the nature of the mission with which he has been entrusted. The article, which is an appeal to mutual confidence, says :—"When two nations stand on the common ground that it is neither their intention nor in their interests to cut each other's throats, then we think a formula will be found which will allow distrust on both sides to be thrown on the scrap-heap." This is excellent, but the news contained in the following sentence will be received with unfeigned disappointment both here and in England :—"The special proposals which have been made have not, indeed, shown themselves to be feasible, but if we are unable to agree on single points, yet there remains as a distinguishing mark of the situation the good intention of both sides to reach an understanding." This, unhappily, must be regarded as a confession that the negotiations initiated by Lord Haldane have not borne fruit. However, this failure must not be allowed to discourage both sides from further effort. "Even if this is so, one need not despair, especially as the matter is one bound up with the demands of sound common sense. It is of small account for us and for the English that we should come to agreement about naval estimates, alliances, friendships, and ententes—the chief thing is that we banish from the air that mistrust which embitters our relation."

A more explicit account of Baron Marschall's mission, and one which may be regarded as semi-official, is published in the "Lokalanzeiger" as follow: "We hope that Baron Marschall will succeed in teaching the English what are Germany's desires and hopes, but the way of understanding will only be clear when England realises that Germany's fleet is not a luxury."

AN EXTRAORDINARY ARTICLE.

The "Zeit" of Vienna publishes a leader headed "The Naval Policy of the Triple Alliance," from the pen of the German Rear-Admiral Kalau von Hofe, now retired from service, which shows an extraordinary anti-English spirit, and which will doubtless draw forth a disclaimer from competent quarters here. The author attacks the principle of the English supremacy of the sea, and declares that the Triple Alliance Powers will not permit England to retain the command of the sea, and that, in particular, the possibility of English supremacy in the Mediterranean must be eliminated. The writer says : The natural development of Italy lies in the Mediterranean, from Tunis to the South and East, while that of Austria-Hungary is towards the Balkan Peninsula and the Archipelago. For the fulfilment of the great national tasks of the future the Triple Alliance States rely upon the freedom of the Mediterranean, and cannot permit their destiny to be dependent upon foreign supremacy. Theoretical debates and diplomatic representations alone will make no impression in this practical world. Political questions are decided by might, which finds its expression in this case in the number of ships of the line. The English believe that all their cares in the Mediterranean would be most certainly removed by the destruction of the German fleet and by driving Germany back politically and commercially, thus robbing the Triple Alliance of most powerful support. Thence arise the angry attacks against all German throughout the world which we meet with so often. Before Austria-Hungary and Italy have time to mature their plans for the future, the German fleet would be rusting at the bottom of the North Sea, as a warning and a frightful example for all who lust for sea power and attempt to emancipate from English guardianship the costs of the Mediterranean. Both nations appear to have grasped the gravity of the international situation intuitively, and desire to turn a favourable opportunity to advantage ; for their future, too, lies on the water and requires the freedom of the Mediterranean.

POWERS AND TURKEY.

It is more certain than ever, that at a future date the Powers will be irresistibly led to call a Conference. Whether that future is near or distant none can tell. What essential, dangerous, and vital questions the Conference, when it comes, may not stir up is just as uncertain, and every diplomatist is torn between two conflicting arguments. A European Conference on the one hand seems inevitable. But, on the other, may is not be better to bear "the ills we have"? Were England to conclude that, it was impossible to agree with Germany in Asia and with France in Europe simultaneously, and to choose the former course, the disappointment and the resentment felt in this country would be deep and lasting. Our diplomacy must always bear in mind that the nucleus of a party, chiefly a financial party, still exists in this country, which would openly perfer a Franco-German Alliance against us to an Anglo-French Alliance against Germany, as being a far more formidable, perhaps an irresistible, coalition.

Opinion upon the immediate results of a European Conference among unofficial but competent French judges is divided into two widely divergent currents. Baron Denys Cochin advocating some such Triple Entente policy as the following : "With the help of the Powers Italy must retain several of the Ægean Isles, the others to form a Hellenic group under the guarantee of those Powers. Latin hegemony in the Mediterranean will serve the Triple Entente better than any other command of that sea," and the "Echo De Paris" expressly disclaims responsibility for its contributors' opinions. On the other hand, M. Georges Goulis, one of the French-men and Europeans who know the Near East best is vehement in the opposite sense : "If we go to a Conference, let us pray it will be after a strict understanding, binding all concerned to a disinterested resolve to baulk any attempt at partition. It is imperatively necessary to place Turkey under the ægis of some such gurantee as Gambetta eloquently evoked for us after our disasters of 1870, and woe to Europe if, at the beginning of the twentieth century, she offends immanent justice !

FRENCH WAR MINISTER'S SPEECH.

The Chamber on Tuesday morning began the debate on the budget of the Ministry of War. Several speakers drew attention to the new German military law and the necessity of strengthening the French army. M. Millerand, the Minister of War, referred to the speech of M. Poincare, in which the Premier said that there was no reason to fear for the maintenance of peace. Nevertheless, continued M. Millerand, it was the duty of the minister of War always to prepare for war, and to see that the army was ready for all emergencies. He was aware of the great effort which was being made in Germany, but did not believe that it was necessary to re-establish the three years' service system for the cavalry and the horse-gunners which had been demanded by preceding speakers. It was only advisable to increase the number of long-service men. Then, from 1913, a cautious appeal would be made for black troops in the colonies, which would be of valuable assistance. In conclusion M. Millerand urged the necessity of preserving the advance already held by France in aviation.

After his reference in the Chamber to the proposed call for black troops, M. Millerand indicated that a modest resource would be furnished to France by the passing of the Navy Recruiting Bill, which would reduce by 1,000 the number of men set aside annually for the Navy out of the total contingent of recruits, and would give on mobilisation 20,000 men more of the land army, two-thirds reservists and one-third territorials.

To a question regarding the automatic rifle, M. Millerand replied by recalling the answer given not long ago by Berteaux, the late Minister of War. The latter had stated that the present rifle was an excellent weapon, but had added that obviously if any great nation began to manufacture an automatic arm, France must not be left in a position of inferiority. M. Millerand declared that he had nothing to add to or take from these words. The Minister's speech met with warm approval from the House.

FRENCH LABOUR TROUBLES.

Up to Tuesday it was not believed that there was much probability of the strike movement that began at Havre last week spreading to any extent ; but at a meeting held on Monday evening by the men's unions at Marseilles a general strike was voted almost unanimously, and in conformity with the Law of 1884, was notified to the Maritime Prefecture this morning. Little time was lost in putting the resolution into effect. The signal was given by the crew of the Messageries Maritimes steamship Ville de La Ciotat, bound for Alexandria to-morrow, who left the ship with all their belongings, the first thing in the morning. Their example was immediately followed by the men of the Tunis mail boat Felix Touache, the Bastia mail packet, and the Algiers mail boat. At ten o'clock the crews of the Ionie, the Ville de Naples, the Saint Augustin, the Mustapha, and the Bosphore also disembarked, all the men repairing straight to the Labour Exchange to form a strike committee. The principal demands are an increase of pay up to £5 5s. for the seamen and £4 for the firemen, neither of which the companies will hear of granting. Great efforts are being made to induce the dockers to join in the movement, but so far without much success. The Dockers' Federal Committee has its headquarters in the Paris Labour Exchange, and has called a meeting to review the situation. At Bordeaux only 116 men have turned out, 'amongst these being the crew of the Chili, due to start for South America. At Dunkirk all the crews have deserted, and the dockers have joined them, so that the quays wear a deserted air, in spite of the large consignments of cereals that are in harbour. The strike there, however, is merely a sympathetic one of twenty-four hours. At Brest all the crews and dockers have returned to work after obtaining satisfaction. To sum up, it is principally at Havre and Marseilles that the strike is really effective, and the proclamation of a general strike does not seem at present to have been responded to elsewhere.

TRAGEDY AT BRUGES.

A mysterious drama at Bruges, where a man and woman giving the names of M. and Mme. Parent were found dead at their hotel, the woman strangled with a towel and the man poisoned with strychnine, was at first thought to be due to a love affair, but is now considered to be a political crime. The Portuguese Consul has found that the man wore a cap similar to that used by the Portuguese revolutionaries as a rallying sign. He expresses the belief that the deceased was one of his countrymen, and that the tragedy is closely allied with the Monarchist plot lately discovered at Bruges against the Portuguese Republic. The mysterious suicide has not yet been identified, but it is supposed he was one of the leaders of the plot in which the steamship Vos, formerly the English vessel Ed

A TERRIBLE DISASTER.

HOLIDAY TRAIN WRECKED IN AMERICA.

Twenty-one Killed : Thirty Injured.

"ONE PASSENGER ESCAPED."

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.

LONDON, JULY 6.

A terrible railway smash has occurred in Pennsylvania.

A goods train crashed into the rear of a passenger train near Ligonier. A large death-roll is reported including many children and picnickers.

Only one passenger escaped injury.

LONDON, JULY 7.

The casualties in the railway collision near Ligonier, Pennsylvania, were twenty-one killed and thirty injured.

LIBERAL-LABOUR SPLIT.

Government Uses Franchise Bill as Weapon.

LONDON, JULY 6.

The Labour members have apparently abandoned the idea of abstaining from attendance at the House of Commons.

The *Times* suggests that this is because the Government has adroitly made the Franchise Bill the principal business of next week, thus necessitating the attendance of the Labour party.

THE LATE CECIL RHODES.

"Who Laboured to Establish Peace."

CAPE TOWN, JULY 6.

Earl Grey, unveiling a colossal memorial to Cecil Rhodes, on the slopes of Table Mountain, said the verdict of history would be that none born during the last century had exercised greater influence for good upon the character of the present century than Cecil Rhodes, who laboured to establish peace among the civilised nations through the unification of the Empire.

His soaring spirit contemplated cooperation between the Empire and the United States, and protecting Anglo-Saxon civilisation with the cooperation of the closely related Teutonic race.

THE HONGKONG OUTRAGE.

Chinese Repudiate the Would-be Assassin.

HONGKONG, JULY 6.

A deputation of Chinese merchants and gentry to-day waited on the Governor and expressed their horror at the outrage of which he was the object. They assured him of the loyalty of the Chinese and of their attachment to his person.

The Governor replied that he knew immediately that the crime would be abhorrent to none more than the law-abiding Chinese.

INDUSTRIAL UNREST.

Terrible Distress in the London Districts.

LONDON, JULY 6.

The decision of the Strike Committee to continue the strike is generally condemned.

The distress in the dock districts is terrible, and the vast majority of the men are notoriously anxious to resume work.

LONDON, JULY 6.

Efforts to settle the London dock strike have failed. The committee issued a statement yesterday evening declaring that the strike would be continued indefinitely.

THE FRENCH STRIKE.

DUNKIRK, JULY 6.

The strikers here have resumed work.

LONDON, JULY 6.

A *Times'* message from Marseilles states that the dockers' strike in that port is a failure. Five thousand men were working yesterday.

BRITISH TRADE RETURNS.

Decrease in Imports and Exports in June.

LONDON, JULY 6.

Trade returns from June show decreases in imports £434,404, and exports of £1,146,819.

Imports of raw cotton show a decrease of £1,167,785 and wool of £301,736, but silk and leather show large increases.

Exports of manufactures of steel and iron, machinery and ships decreased by over half a million, cotton manufactures by £240,983, and wool £137,948.

ARTIFICIAL RUBBER.

LONDON, JULY 5.

Sir William Ramsay denies the reports that the issue of the Synthetic Rubber Company's shares is a failure. He says allotment letters have been posted, and that the company intends to start on a small scale and develop deliberately and surely.

ALMA-TADEMA'S FUNERAL.

LONDON, JULY 5.

Sir Lawrence Alma-Tadema was buried at St. Paul's to-day.

The Duke and Duchess of Argyll, many diplomatists and people, prominent in the world of art, were present.

There were many beautiful wreaths, including one from Queen Alexandra.

All the pall-bearers were Academicians.

THE TSAR AND BRITAIN.

Notable Statement from St. Petersburg.

WILL MAINTAIN THE ENTENTE.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JULY 6.

The *Times* correspondent at St. Petersburg telegraphs that there are positive grounds for asserting that the Tsar is firmly and unalterably resolved to maintain and develop the Franco-Russian Alliance, and the *entente* with Britain.

His Majesty's special care, as exemplified in the creation of a strong navy, is to render Russia absolutely independent of German influence.

THE BALTIC MEETING.

BALTIC PORT, JULY 6.

A memorable dinner took place on board the "Hohenzollern" last night when the Kaiser entertained the Tsar, the Tsaritsa and their family. The decorations were superb. After dinner the Royal guests were entertained by a cinematograph display.

LATER.

After the farewell luncheon on board the Russian Imperial yacht "Standart," the German Emperor left for Swinemunde whence he proceeds on Tuesday on his annual Northern cruise.

Dr. Benthmann Von Hollweg has proceeded to St. Petersburg.

Semi-official telegrams to Berlin mention the animated character of the conversations of the Emperors, and also that the Tsar had two long conversations with Dr. Bethmann Von Hollweg, but there is no hint as to any political result.

LONDON, JULY 7.

Semi-official statements, published in St. Petersburg and Berlin, emphasise the cordiality of the interviews between the two monarchs, at which, it is declared, political questions were frankly discussed, strengthening the conviction of the necessity for maintaining Russo-German sympathy in the interests of general peace. It is added that there is no question of a fresh agreement or of a change in the grouping of the Powers.

EMPIRE COTTON GROWING.

More Advances to be Made to Nyassaland.

LONDON, JULY 6.

A meeting of the Council of the British Cotton-Growing Association has decided to make advances to planters of Nyasaland to the same amount as in 1911.

A letter from Lord Kitchener was read, stating that the efforts of the Association in the Sudan had already convinced the authorities of the importance of assisting cotton-growing in Gezira. He would be visiting England shortly when he hoped to meet the Chairman of the Association and discuss matters.

NEW ZEALAND AFFAIRS.

WELLINGTON, JULY 6.

The McKenzie Government has been defeated by 41 votes to 33 on an amendment to the Address expressing want of confidence in the Government.

THE TURKISH ARMY.

LONDON, JULY 5.

There is a more hopeful feeling in Constantinople with regard to the Army as it is believed that the reports of alleged disaffection are exaggerated. Large bodies of fresh troops have been sent to Macedonia. The Government is resolved to proceed rigorously against the deserters, unless they surrender immediately.

THE BY-ELECTIONS.

LONDON, JULY 6.

The Crewe Liberals have adopted Mr. Harold Murphy, a barrister, as their candidate in the forthcoming election.

While speakers supporting Mr. Outhwaite, the Liberal candidate for Hanley, have been hitherto confined to a few land-tax enthusiasts, the Labourites and Unionists are conducting a most energetic campaign.

There are twelve prominent Labourite speakers and nine well-known Unionists.

EMPIRE UNIVERSITIES.

LONDON, JULY 6.

The Congress of Universities of the Empire has closed. It has appointed a Committee to form a London Bureau to collect and distribute information about the universities of the Empire.

THE STONEHENGE TRAGEDY

LONDON, JULY 5.

Sergeant-Major Wilson was a passenger in Captain Loraine's aeroplane. The machine met an air-pocket, and fell 600 ft.

The Royal Army Flying Corps witnessed the accident and rushed to the spot.

POLO.

LONDON, JULY 6.

In the inter-regimental Polo final at Hurlingham to-day, the Royal Horse Guards beat the 20th Hussars by nine goals to three.

"JACK" JOHNSON.

NEW YORK, JULY 6.

"Jack" Johnson has absolutely decided to retire from the ring in September.

GOLF IN FRANCE.

LONDON, JULY 7.

In the final of the French amateur golf championship, Scott, of Australia, beat Macfarlane, of Scotland, by eight up and seven to play.

THE IN-COMING MAIL.

ADEN, JULY 7.

The P. and O. steamer "Egypt" left for Bombay at noon to-day with the outward mails of June 28th.

ROYAL WATER PAGEANT.

Their Majesties at Henley Regatta.

FULL RESULTS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JULY 6.

Beautiful weather, with sunshine, prevailed for the opening of the Henley regatta to-day, and multitudes thronged the course.

Their Majesties, and the Princess Mary, in the State barge rowed by the Royal watermen in their historic liveries, were the central figures of the river pageant. The course to the Royal box was marked by a tremendous ovation and the revival of the State barge was the happiest idea. The scenes, both ashore and afloat, were of the most brilliant description.

In the Ladies' Plate, Eton beat Jesus College by a length and a quarter in 7 mins. 4 secs.

The Stewards' Cup was won by New College who beat the Thames by 2 1-4 lengths in 7 mins. 36 secs.

Grand Challenge Cup.—Sydney Rowing Club beat Leander by three-quarters of a length, in 7 mins. 16 secs.

This is the first Colonial victory in this competition. The winners received an ovation.

Diamond Sculls.—Powell (Vikings) beat McCullogh (Leander) in the easiest fashion in 8 mins. 49 secs.

Thames Challenge Cup.—Paris Rowing Club beat St. John's, Oxford, by a length in 7 mins. 33 secs.

Wyfold Challenge Cup.—Queen's College, Cambridge, beat the London Rowing Club by a length in 8 mins. 3 secs.

Visitors' Challenge Cup.—Christchurch, Oxford, (first crew), beat Christchurch (second crew) by five lengths in 8mins, 19 secs.

Silver Goblets.—Logan and Rought (Thames Rowing Club) beat Beresford and Cloutte (Thames R. C.) by a length and a quarter in 8mins., 46secs.

CRICKET AT HOME.

Another Defeat of the Australians.

LONDON, JULY 5.

Notts beat Derby, at Nottingham, by an innings and 147 runs.

Kent beat Surrey, at the Oval, by nine wickets.

The South Africans beat Warwickshire, at Birmingham, by six wickets.

Hampshire beat Oxford University, at Southampton, by an innings and 68 runs.

Lancashire beat the Australians, at Liverpool, by eight wickets.

LONDON, JULY 6.

Cambridge has beaten the M.C.C., at Lord's, by two wickets.

Yorkshire beat Worcestershire, at Dewsbury, by 214 runs.

Essex gained a first-innings victory over Sussex at Leyton.

LAWN TENNIS.

Championship Meeting at Wimbledon.

LONDON, JULY 5.

At Wimbledon, to-day, Gore beat Gobert in the Singles Championship, 9—7, 2—6, 7—5, 6—1. Gore now meets the holder, Wilding.

In the final of the Ladies' Singles, Mme. Larcombe beat Mrs. Sterry 6—3, 6—1.

The holder did not defend her title.

LONDON, JULY 6.

In the men's Lawn Tennis Doubles semi-final, at Wimbledon to-day, Roper-Barret and Dixon beat Parke and Beamish, 6-8, 6-4, 3-6, 6-3, 6-4.

They now meet the holders.

THE OLYMPIC GAMES.

Stadium Opened by the King of Sweden.

STOCKHOLM, JULY 6.

The King opened the Stadium to-day in the presence of vast crowds. The Royal procession was greeted with ovations and the Swedish National Anthem was sung.

The athletes paraded in groups, in alphabetical order, but Britain was followed by Canada Australia, New Zealand and South Africa.

The scene was most impressive. The Swedes, on entering the Stadium, were cheered for some minutes, and the British athletes were given a scarcely less enthusiastic reception.

The King, in the speech, dwelt on the honour they felt in welcoming friends. He hoped that such games would benefit the health of the nations.

The Crown Prince said that the richer a country was in earnest, devoted sportsmen, the more it was to be congratulated. The Swedes felt great joy in organising the Olympiad and he hoped the best men would win.

STOCKHOLM, JULY 5.

Winslow (South Africa), to-day, won the Lawn Tennis Championship, beating his fellow-countryman, Kitson, 7—5, 4—6, 10—8, 8—6.

STOCKHOLM, JULY 6.

The Swedish competitors have won all the prizes in the miniature rifle shooting contest for individuals. at 25 metres. They also won the team competition at the same range. Great Britain was second.

In the final of throwing the Javelin competition, in the Olympic games to-day, the winner, Lemming (Sweden) threw 60·64 metres. This is a record.

STOCKHOLM, JULY 7.

In the preliminary heats for the hundred metres swimming contest, Kahamamoku of Honolulu, representing America, easily broke the world's record in one minute, 2 3-5 seconds, beating Longworth of Australia.

PREVIOUS RESULTS.

MINIATURE RIFLE TEAM COMPETITION:—Great Britain (1); the United States (2).

PISTOL FIRING TEAM COMPETITION:—Sweden (1); Russia (2); Great Britain (3); United States (4).

PISTOL SHOOTING:—Won by the United States.

INDIVIDUAL RIFLE-FIRING (300 metres):—Proscp (Hungary) 97; Osburne (the United States) 95; Skogen (Norway) 95.

CLAYBIRD SHOOTING:—The United States 532; Great Britain 511; Germany 510, (Possible—600 pts).

INTERNATIONAL RIFLE SHOOTING (teams of six):—The United States 1,688; Great Britain 1,600; Sweden 1,575.

FOOTBALL:—Won by Great Britain (final: Great Britain 4; Denmark 1).

RUNNING DEER COMPETITION:—Won by Sweden.

TENNIS.

LADIES' SINGLES:—Mme. Broquedis (France defeated Mme. Koering (Germany) 4-6; 6-3; 6-4.

MEN'S DOUBLES:—Kitson and Winslow (South Africa) defeated Pipes and Zborzil (Austria) by 4-6; 1-6; 6-2.

MOROCCO PROBLEM.

French General's Grave Statement.

WARNING TO EUROPEANS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

PARIS, JULY 7.

According to the Tangier correspondent of the *Petit Journal*, General Lyautey, in an interview, said that the southern districts of Morocco were causing more and more uneasiness. The new Pretender was gaining ground daily.

General Lyautey wished that Europeans would not reside in that part, where there were not sufficient troops to guarantee their safety. He would require, at least, 30,000 more men to enable him to increase the extent of occupation, and it would be dangerous to deprive the capital of such a force.

The Morocco business, he added, would be a long job.

PORTUGUESE ROYALISTS.

Another Consignment of Arms Seized.

LONDON, JULY 7.

The Spanish authorities, yesterday, arrested a motor-car loaded with rifles and munitions of war, while attempting to cross the Portuguese frontier.

Despatches from Lisbon and Oporto describe rioting at various points in northern Portugal, yesterday. The rioting was promptly quelled. It is believed to have been connected with a forthcoming royalist raid.

TARIFF REFORM.

Honouring Mr. Joseph Chamberlain.

LONDON, JULY 6.

Mr. Wyndham last evening presided at the banquet in honour of Mr. Joseph Chamberlain's birthday. There were 112 guests, including Mr. Foster, the Canadian Minister of Commerce, and Sir Starr Jameson.

The Chairman dwelt on the subject of Imperial Preference. The advent of Mr. Borden and his colleagues to office, recalled the victory of the movement in Canada.

In response to calls for a speech Sir Starr Jameson said he thought that the best compliment to Mr. Chamberlain would be to endorse everything that Mr. Wyndham had said.

Lord Selborne urged that the Unionists would not falter in the cause of Tariff Reform, remembering Mr. Chamberlain's fearless courage.

CATTLE DISEASE.

Another Serious Outbreak in England.

LONDON, JULY 7.

Foot and mouth disease has broken out in Surrey, where the first case in the South of England has occurred. The movement of cattle has been prohibited in the whole of Greater London and its environs. There have been thirty-five cases since the first announcement of the out-break on June 24th.

INDO-CHINESE LOAN.

PARIS, JULY 5.

The Chamber has approved an Indo-Chinese loan of ninety millions of francs for public works.

SPANISH AFFAIRS.

LONDON, JULY 6.

The Spanish Chamber of Deputies was prorogued yesterday after passing the Devolution Bill which threatened to bring about a Cabinet crisis owing to the opposition of many Liberals.

INDIANS IN LONDON.

LONDON, JULY 5.

In order to provide more adequately for the interests of Indian students in London, Lord Crewe has created a secretaryship for Indian students. Mr. C. E. Mallet will be the first holder of the appointment.

THE BELFAST RIOT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JULY 6.

The *Pioneer's* London correspondent wires: The disturbance in Belfast yesterday, created by Unionists, was a sequel to an attack with pikes, by Hibernians on Saturday, on a Protestant Sunday school treat at Castle Dawson.

STUDENTS' BROTHERHOOD.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, JULY 7.

The first anniversary of the Students Brotherhood was celebrated last night. Dr. Sir Ramkrishna Bhandarkar presided.

The Bishop of Bombay was the principal speaker on the occasion and he said that the object of study was wisdom, teachableness and sympathy were the requisites. Among other things he urged upon the audience the importance of accuracy and sense of proportion.

Principal Paranjpye thanked the lecturer and the proceedings terminated with the singing of some songs by the students of the girls' high school and the distribution of flowers.

INCREASED RIVER DUES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, JULY 6,

The rate of river dues on all goods discharged from, or shipped into, any seagoing vessel within the Rangoon Port has, with the sanction of the Government of Burma, been raised to six annas per ton from to-day.

THE JUTE FORECASTS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 6.

Further jute district returns published show an increase of 200,000 acres sown in Bengal, 20,000 in Assam and 3,000 in Bihar.

THE NEW CAPITAL.

Indian Architects Invited to Provide Designs.

PREMIUM COMPETITION.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 6.

The following Press commuique has been issued:—

The Government of India have decided to invite architects, and others residing in India, to submit competitive designs for the residence of various grades of officials at Delhi. A notification calling for the submission of designs will shortly be issued. A committee, assisted by the Consulting Architect to the Government of India, will examine the designs, and liberal premiums will be awarded to successful competitors. One of the conditions of the competition will be that the competitor shall certify that his designs and drawings were prepared in India by him or under his direct supervision. The drawings will be publicly exhibited after the committee have made their award.

It is hoped by the early construction of a number of permanent residences on designs selected from this competition, to reduce expenditure on the provision of temporary quarters as the detailed plan or lay-out of the new capital has not yet been prepared. The location and general arrangements of the principal public buildings have also not yet been fixed. Until this has been done no arrangement can be made with regard to the designs for offices and other large public buildings, Government however, hope before long to be in a position to call for competitive designs for certain public offices and other buildings.

"THE PARK-LIKE AVENUE".

LATER.

The plans for the new permanent Delhi are still more or less fluid, but it is understood that the main feature of the new capital will be a broad park-like avenue cut in a south-westerly direction from the heart of the existing Delhi, where it will terminate in the fine buildings of the Juma Masjid and the Delhi Fort, and open up the site of the King Edward Memorial which Their Imperial Majesties unveiled last winter. Proceeding in a south-westerly direction this "wide-park-like avenue" will cut straight through the city wall to the east of the Ajmer Gate. Thence it will traverse the entire site of the new permanent city and afford locations for a number of official residences.

At its head, some three miles from the Juma Masjid, will be a wide Durbar square around which will be arranged the Viceregal residence and Council Chamber, also the Secretariat and other public buildings.

Off the main thoroughfare will be the lesser streets of the Imperial Capital. The whole will be encircled by a wide grassy park with well-planted avenues to keep off the dust. An extensive system of irrigation will be arranged to enable the grass to be kept up and also to water the avenues and gardens of the city itself.

A broad street will be cut from the central railway station in existing Delhi to connect with the main avenue of the new Delhi and afford easy access to the trains.

DELHI, JULY 7.

Good progress is being made with the buildings for the temporary Delhi in the existing Civil Lines. The clerks' bungalows are nearing completion. The iron portion of the structures of the Secretariat buildings and Council Chamber have been erected and the brickworks is about seven feet up.

Several bungalows have been hired for Government officials.

The only properties so far purchased by the Government in connection with temporary Delhi are the Metcalfe Estate and Kishen Chand's Ridge house. No award has yet been made for the Matcalfe Estate the owner claiming thirty-five lakhs. The award for Kishan Chand's house has been appealed against by the owner.

As regards the permanent city, the site of which is away on the opposite side of the existing Delhi, it is not now expected that much building will be able to begin before September next year. In the meantime, water levels have been taken and the whole of the village of Paharganj is being acquired.

ALLAHABAD, JULY 6.

It is reported from Delhi that property which has lately changed hands in the civil station has fetched extraordinarily high prices.

ALLAHABAD WATER SUPPLY.

Sir John Hewett's Scathing Criticism.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JULY 6.

Sir John Hewett, in a letter to the Commissioner of Allahabad, which has been circulated for information, comments very severely on the present deficient state of the water supply in Allahabad and the delay in supplying a new engine. His Honour says: "It appears that the municipal board, the Commissioner, the Sanitary Engineer and the Sanitary Board are all in some degree responsible for the delay in a matter of urgent public importance which has few parallels in his Honour's recollection."

The Lieutenant-Governor considers the whole transaction regarding the project to instal a new engine and to duplicate the main was conducted in a highly discreditable manner. His Honor trusts that it may never again be necessary to comment on such failure to carry out one of the most important duties of the municipal board, namely provision of an adequate supply of water for the use of residents in the municipalty area.

THE KHOST TROUBLE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JULY 6.

A frontier correspondent reports that the Afghan regular troops have not attempted to move into the Maugal Hills as all approaches were sangared. Negotiations are being carried on in the Khost Valley itself which is now in full occupation of the troops.

ALLAHABAD, JULY 7.

It is reported from the Khost Valley that the Jaji tribesmen have made full submission to the Afgan General Nadir Khan.

THE DALAI LAMA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

DARJEELING, JULY 6.

The Dalai Lama left Yatung on the 4th instant after giving his blessing to 1,300 monks. He is said to have had a great ovation on entering the Chumbi Valley.

POLICEMAN TO BE HANGED.

End of the Lahore Murder Case.

A DELIBERATE MURDER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, JULY 6.

The case of Constable Tulsa Singh, the murderer of Police Inspector Khan Saheb Habibali of Lahore, began this morning in the sessions court at Lahore and ended in his conviction and sentence to death.

There were twenty-one prosecution witnesses all of whom saw the accused attack and pursue the deceased inspector in the District Court, but did not see him actually kill him.

The accused, in his statement, said he had been harassed, constantly reported against, and degraded, by the inspector, but he did not kill or even attack him. On the day of the occurrence, on the way back from duty, he entered the Court Inspector's room to see that officer about the bad report made against him by the deceased who was sitting there. The accused was there slapped and abused by the deceased, and in the confusion and rush which followed he fell down but managed to struggle out of the room and go away. He denied having made the statement in the lower court that the injury to the deceased might have been caused in a scuffle.

The only defence witness practically went against the accused.

The defence counsel pleaded for the benefit of the doubt to be given to the accused.

Counsel for the Crown said whether the accused admitted it or not it was proved that he had deliberately murdered Inspector Habibali for revenge for which he had shown sufficient cause in his statement.

The jury returned a unanimous verdict of "guilty." The judge agreed and sentenced Tulsa Singh to be hanged.

LORD CARMICHAEL.

An Indian Diary of His Stay in Darjeeling.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 6.

The *Sanjibani* gives currency to the following stories about the Governer of Bengal:—

(1) He used to go to Darjeeling Bazaar alone and purchase vegetables which he would tie with his handkerchief. On his way he would however throw them away and then enter Government House.

(2) It is also said that he once went to Kurseong in a third-class compartment.

(3) One day he visited the Lowis sanitorium and talked with its inmates freely. A sick man was lying on a bed; and His Excelency sat by his side and made enquires about his illness.

(4) While at Darjeeling he used to go about unattended. Certain officials warned him of the risk he ran but he listened to nobody.

THE GOVERNOR'S TOUR.

CALCUTTA JULY, 6.

According to present arrangements H. E. the Governor of Bengal and Lady Carmichael will arrive in Simla on September 1st and leave again a week later arriving in Darjeeling on the 11th.

On leaving Calcutta next week for Eastern Bengal Their Excellencies will not be back again until early in November, but it is understood that, in future, Lord Carmichael hopes to spend considerably more time in Calcutta than has been possible this year.

SPURIOUS NOTES.

Extensive Circulation in the Calcutta Markets.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY. 6.

Since April last a large number of forged ten-rupees notes have been ciraulated in the market. The notes are most perfect in design and it is not possible for any one but an expert to detect the forgery: the notes have the signature of Mr. Barrow and Mr. Gillan. It is believed the Currency Office authorities, who first detected the forgery, have communicated the presence of these notes in the market to the Commisioner of Police.

THE NATIONAL CONGRESS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 6.

At a meeting of the Provincial Congress Committee, held this afternoon, it was resolved that the names of the Hon. Mr. R. N. Mudholkar, Mr. D. A. Khare, Mr. Ambica Choran Mozumdar, the Hon. Mr. Ganga Persad Varma and the Hon. Mr. Bhupendranath Basu be suggested for election to the Presidentship of the coming Congress.

The Congress Committee, recorded a resolution deploring the interpretation put by Lord Crewe upon the third paragraph of the Government of India despatch of the 25th of August last, and was of opinion that it was contrary to the text and spirit of the despatch, and to the traditions of British rule in India.

LORD PENTLAND'S SUITE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS. JULY 6.

Captain C. J. L. Allanson, 6th Gurkha Rifles, at one time A. D. C. to the last Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, and also Brigade Major in Madras, will be Military Secretary to Lord Pentland when the latter becomes Governor of Madras.

SWADESHI DEVELOPMENTS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 6.

Arrangements are being made to hold a Swadeshi "mela" this year in Calcutta. The object of the fair is to bring together products of domestic industries. Following that in Calcutta, similar melas will be held in almost all the district towns of Bengal.

MAHSUDS' MISTAKE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JULY 6.

A curious instance of the surrender of a Hindu by the Mahsuds, without ransom, is reported. One Arjan Das, who was carried off from Tori Khel in May, has just been brought into Sarwakai post, none the worse for his detention.

(TELEGRAMS CONTINUED ON PAGE 6.)

NEWS LATER THAN THE MAIL.

THE STRIKERS ON SHORT COMMONS.

Host of Complaints of Violence and Intimidation.

The following news, later than the mail, appear in the Australian paper.

London, June 23.

The Unions concersed in the strike of transport workers have exhausted their funds. The dockers, carmen, lightermen, and stevedores, however, continue to draw from 2s. 6d. to 5s. per work from the General Federation of Trade Unions.

Fresh complaints were made in the newspapers and in the House of Commons yesterday with regard to acts of violence and intimidation against strike-breakers, several of whom, it was said, had to be conveyed to the hospitals in consequence of the treatment they had received. In the House of Commons the Home Secretary (Mr. Reginald McKenna) promised to inquire into the matter.

The Port of London Authority declines to give evidence before the Industrial Council on the ground that the Council already possesses a knowledge of the details. Lord Devonport (chairman of the Authority) supports this attitude. It is evident that the Authority objects to Government pressure being brought to bear upon is.

A big meeting in the Guildhall yesterday endorsed the Port of London Authority's proposal to abolish the lightermen's legal monopoly. A month's notice is necessary before the abolition can take effect.

TITANIC DISASTER.

London, June 22.

At to-day's sitting of the British Commission appointed to inquire into the "Titanic" disaster Captain Rostron, master of the s.s. "Carpathia," stated that he raised the speed of his vessel from 17 knots to 21-12 knots an hour when he started out to rescue the people on the doomed liner. On a clear night unless witness knew of a lot of ice about he would feel perfectly justified in driving his steamer at full speed. The "Titanic's" passengers told him that the earlier boats from the wreck were not filled because the people did not want to go away.

On behalf of the Government, the Attorney-General (Sir Rufus Isaacs) thanked Captain Rostron for having saved many lives by his prompt response to the "Titanic's" distress signals.

Ottawa, June 23.

As an indirect results of the "Titanic" disaster a big amount of conscience money has been received by the Canadian Customs Department from persons obliged to cross the Atlantic regularly.

FRENCH OUTRAGES.

Paris, June 22.

The arrest of four youthful anarchists at Livry yesterday led to the capture of Jean Poyer, a member of the notorious gang led by Bonnot, who was responsible for the murder of a chauffeur and two bank clerks at Chantilly. While Poyer was leaving a hotel the detectives accosted him, and he at once attempted to shoot them. He was, however, disarmed before he could do any mischief. In the rooms he had occupied were found materials for the manufacture of bombs.

ENGLISH RAILWAY SMASH.

London, June 22.

At Hebden Bridge yesterday the Liverpool-Leeds express jumped the rails on a sharp curve, and after ploughing the track up for a distance of 300 yards ran down a hillside, with the result that three carriages were wrecked, one of taem being reduced to shreds of wood and ironwork.

Of the occupants of the wrecked carriages four were killed, one of them being decapitated, and 20 others were shockingly injured.

In the course of a search through the ruins of the train the rescue parties found a male corpse in a shattered coffin.

AFRICAN PUBLIC SERVICE.

Capetown, June 21.

While the Public Service Bill was under consideration in the Union House of Assembly to-day, the Prime Minister (Mr. Louis Botha) by 63 votes to 29 secured the inclusion of a clause to provide that after a man had been five years in the service he must pass an examination in English and Dutch to entitle him to promotion. The members of the Opposition strenuously opposed the insertion of the clause on the ground that it infringed the bargain that was made at the National Convention.

SWIMMING.

London, June 22.

Competition for the King's Cup commenced at the Bath Swimming Club yesterday. The first test was won by Dr. Morris, of London who scored 15 points. Frank Schryver, of Western Australia was second with 10 points. Then followed Blatherwick with 8 points, Carlile 6 points, Goalen 4 points, Sheffield 2 points and Champion 2 points.

London, June 23.

The final of the King's Cup was won by Dr. Morris. M. E Champion (N.Z.) was second, but was disqualified for fouling, and Blatherwick and Schryver, who dead-heated on point for third place, were placed second.

CHINESE REPUBLIC.

Pekin, June 21.

Yuan Shih Kai declines to combine the duties of President and Premier, and he suggests that Chang Chien, a well-known Southern statesman, shall take the Premiership, and if he declines, then Hsu Shih Chang, a former Imperial Guardian, shall be offered the position. Both Chang Chien and Hsu Shih Chang are sound men of high literary attainment, and are free from personal ambitions. The Cabinet has approved of the President's proposals.

BRIEF.

The New South Wales bowlers defeated Newcastle by 91 points to 68.

B. Burdekin and Dr. Ward, of Sydney, had been given seats in the New College crew to compete in the Olympic race.

At the Vatican yesterday the Pope witnessed a cinematograph representation of the inauguration of the new campanile of St. Mark's, Venice.

The Government has withdrawn the Coast Defences Bill, which made provision for the much-talked-of fortifications at Flushing.

At Durant, in Oklahoma, several armed men robbed the State Bank of £600 after a fight with some citizens. One of the latter was fatally wounded in the conflict.

While the survey ship Planet was engaged in taking soundings at a distance of 40 knots north of Mindanao, one of the Philippine Islands, a few days ago, she recorded a depth of 32,089 feet. This is the greatest ocean depth yet touched.

In the Divorce Court the cross suit between Joe O'Gorman (a comedian) and his wife (known on the stage as Miss Irmy Lorraine) was concluded. Both were found guilty of misconduct, but in addition the husband was found guilty of cruelty, and in consequence a divorce was granted to the wife.

The police believe that a foreign youth, named Steutzer, who was captured here is the head of a big gang of incendiaries, who have caused 300 fires in the city. The gang, it is said, was aided by dishonest tradesmen, who schemed to collect insurance money upon almost worthless property.

While M. Rheinold, a French diamond merchant, was temporarily absent from his room at the Richelieu Palace Hotel a robber entered the apartment and then escaped with £25,000 worth of diamonds and jewellery. A reward of £2,000 has been offered for information that will lead to the recovery of the stolen valuables.

Replying to a question in the House of Commons Mr. J. M. Robertson (Parliamentary Secretary to the Board of Trade) denied that the Japanese tariff as modified by the Anglo-Japanese Treaty had an injurious effect upon British trade as a whole. Although Great Britain's exports of cotton and woollen goods to Japan had declined, the exports of other goods to Japan had more than correspondingly increased.

(TELEGRAMS CONTINUED FROM PAGE 5.)

KARACHI COMPLAINT.

Watering Cotton to Increase Weight of Bales.

EFFECT ON PRICES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, JULY 6.

Karachi merchants, interested in the export of cotton have been noticing with growing concern for some time past the increase of the practice of cotton sellers in many markets in the Punjab, to water and otherwise adulterate the cotton they deliver. As a consequence of this practice there is already a tendency to pay less for Punjab cotton and this, naturally, will very soon affect adversely the remunerativeness of cotton cultivation in the Punjab.

A representation is to be made to the Punjab Government on the subject, attention being specially drawn to Khanna and the surrounding districts where the evil is said to be most prevalent.

BURGLARY AT POONA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, JULY 7.

Major B. E. Smith, of the Ordnance Department, who lives in Kahun Road, Poona, had his house entered by burglars in the early hours of Saturday morning. The men removed a despatch box containing masonic papers and accounts to a corner of the front garden where they wrenched off the lock and proceeded to search for valuables, scattering the contents on the ground. Finding nothing they turned their attention to an adjoining bungalow occupied by Captain Wilbond (retired) of the same department and had cut through some wire netting when they were disturbed and they made off. Major Smith has reported the matter to police who are making enquiries.

ANGLO-INDIAN SOLDIERS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JULY 6.

In connection with the Committee appointed to consider the question of raising Anglo-Indian Regiments, the Allahabad Anglo-Indian Association has wired to the Commander-in-Chief requesting that Mr. J. H. Abbott of Jhansi be appointed a Commissioner to lay the views of the Anglo-Indian community before the Committee.

LASCARS' ARTICLES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 6.

It was recently suggested by the Government of Bengal that the form of agreement between masters of ships and lascars should be revised so as to bring it into conformity as far as possible with the form prescribed by the Board of Trade. This suggestion was accepted by the Government of India after consultation with the other maritime local Governments concerned. The form has accordingly been revised and brought up to date and the Governor-General-in-Council has directed (under the Indian Merchant Shipping Act, 1883) in suppression of all previous orders on the subject, that agreements between masters of ships and lascars or other native seamen shall in future be drawn up in the form annexed to the resolution.

KARACHI BOY SCOUTS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, JULY 6.

A movement is on foot to inaugurate a local corps of Boy Scouts in Karachi. A preliminary meeting was held yesterday and a committee is now being formed who will elect the necessary local organisation.

Major H. H. Sawyer, commanding the Karachi Artillery Volunteers, has been invited to undertake the duties of Scout Master.

QUEER STORY FROM ADEN.

The Missionary, the Resident and the Landlord.

The following story reaches us ("Capital") from Aden. For the long period of 19 years the Rev. Dr. Young has occupied a bungalow at Steamer Point. He is a medical missionary, being both a Doctor of Medicine and a Minister of the United Free Church of Scotland. His principal work is at Sheikh Othman, a few miles out of Aden where he has a large hospital and where he chiefly resides. Among his many duties, however, is that of ministering to the Scottish and also to the Wesleyan troops of the Aden Garrison; and for the purpose of attending to his chaplaincy as well as for visiting patients in Aden it has been his custom for many years to stop over the week end at his bungalow at Steamer Point. It can be truly said that there are few busier and no more useful member of the community in Aden. His services to the troops would alone entitle him to the greatest consideration from the authorities; and in addition his medical skill and great experience have been put freely at the disposal of all classes of the European and native communities. He makes no charge for his services, and any fees or donations which reach him are used by him for the expenses of his hospital at Sheikh Othman.

It might have been expected that the Resident and the authorities of Aden generally would hesitate long before seeking to disturb an arrangement so beneficial to everybody; but a few weeks ago the Resident on the day that he sailed for Europe on leave wrote to Dr. Young informing him that his bungalow was wanted for the Superintendent of the Residency for whom it was originally built, and that Dr. Young would have to turn out on the 1st July. Some time afterwards Dr. Young received a letter from the landlord, the well-known Parsi merchant, Hormusjee Dinshaw admittedly written under compulsion saying that he regretted that he must give Dr. Young notice to quit.

There are several curious points in this story. In the first place Dr. Young took the bungalow from the landlord and has never had any dealings with the Resident about the house. It is very doubtful if the Aden Settlement Act gives the Resident any right to interfere between landlord and tenant in this way and there is nothing in the lease of the land to show that the bungalow was to be reserved for the Superintendent. In the second place, the Superintendent, who is an educated Indian, does not wish to live in the house and by latest accounts refuses to do so. When Dr. Young took the bungalow, again it had stood empty for many years and the landlord was only too glad to give him a lease for 5 years. Latterly he has felt so secure in his occupancy that he has simply relied on the word of the landlord that he could have the house as long as he liked. Dr. Young, who, it should be added, has been twice decorated for his public services with the silver and the gold Kaiser-i-Hind medals, has memorialised the Government of Bombay and it will be interesting to see what will be the result of his appeal especially just now when the whole subject of the administration of Aden is occupying the attention of statesmen at Home.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

PARDON TO "APPROVER" REVOKED.

Sequel to a Bombay Wife-Murder Trial.

THE CRIMINAL SESSIONS.

At the Bombay Criminal Sessions on Saturday before Mr. Justice Beaman, the Hon. the Acting Advocate-General Mr. M. R. Jardine, instructed by Mr. J. C. G. Bowen, Acting Public Prosecutor, applied for the sanction to prosecute Rama Satapa, the approver, who had been made "King's evidence" on the grant of a conditional pardon that he told the truth regarding, the charge of murder against Bhikhapa Revapa and his wife Balubai, of beating to death Anjanibai, the second wife of the first accused, and then disposing of her body under a "neem" tree near the Bhandarwada Reservoir.

Rama was at first charged along with the two accused with abetment of murder, but on his promising to disclose the truth was granted a conditional pardon. In his evidence before the Magistrate, Rama said he was sleeping in the passage of the floor of the house in which Anjani was murdered. He was aroused in the dead of night by the second accused. She told him not to make a noise; but to assist them in carrying away Anjani's body. This he did, and he detailed the circumstances in which he had rendered his assistance to the two accused.

When he was examined in the Sessions Court by the Advocate-General, he said, he was not sleeping in the passage, but was sleeping on the footpath by the roadside. He did not assist in the removing of the body; he did not know anything about it. He had been beaten by the police, and tutored to tell the story which he did before the magistrate.

The approver's statement before the magistrate was put on the Sessions record by the Advocate-General. Each of the accused was sentenced to ten years' rigorous imprisonment.

The Advocate-General stated to his lordship that he moved on the affidavit of Police Supreintendent Meyers and submitted that, such conduct on the part of the approver should not be overlooked. He had told different stories in two different courts.

His lordship granted the sanction.

The accused was placed before a magistrate at Mazagon on Saturday (vide our Police Court reports).

THE COTTON CASE.

Before his lordship and a common jury the trial of Jivraj Anandji and Kuverji Madon trading as Madon Bhimji and Co. were arraigned on three charges of cheating and abetment in respect of 374 cotton bales valued at Rs. 47,580, belonging to Mr. Dadiba H. Bilimoria and Mr. Dayabhai N. Patel, between the 14th and 24th February, 1912, was resumed.

Mr. S. G. Velinkar, instructed by the Public Prosecutor, prosecuted; Mr. Rustom D. N. Wadia and Mr. Jehangir D. Davar, instructed by Messrs. Captain and Vaidya, defended the accused.

Maksanji Jagjivan, partner in the first complainant's firm; Shamji Ladan, his clerk; and Dayabhai, the second complainant, were examined. They were cross-examined by the counsel for the defendants with regard to these and other transactions with the accused.

The trial will be resumed to-day.

THE APPELLATE COURTS.

ARBITRATION ANNULLED.

The Acting Chief Justice (Mr. Justice Chandavarkar) and Mr. Justice Batcheler have disposed of the appeal of Sidhramapa M. Sandre against Sakubai, wife of Govindrao Arve, respondent-defendant.

Their lordships confirmed the decision of the First Class Subordinate Judge of Sholapore, who had rejected the plaintiff's suit with costs; they dismissed the plaintiff's appeal with costs. In the suit the prayer was that an arbitration made between him and the defendant be filed in court. The defendant replied that she had agreed to refer the disputes to arbitration under coercion and threat of criminal prosecution. The judge of the lower court had found that there were quarrels between her and the plaintiff; her jewellery had already been seized by the police, and she was apprehensive of the result of the pending criminal charge against her.

After the plaintiff was disappointed owing to the adverse police report he seemed to have used it for the purpose of compelling her to agree to a reference to arbitration, to which she readily consented to get rid of the charge. Her consent was neither free nor voluntary.

AN ADOPTION PROBLEM.

Their lordships also disposed of the appeal of Sidhojirao Venkatrao Desai of Ingli in Belgaam against Rachapa Sidhapa Desai of Chincholi in the Kolhapore State, respondent-defendant.

Their lordships reversed the decree (with costs) of the District Judge of Belgaum, on the ground that he had no jurisdiction in the suit. The plaintiff filed the suit for a declaration that he, as the adopted son of Venkatrao Desai, was entitled to property worth about Rs. 69,000 which was in the possession of the Collector, acting as a Court of Wards. The defendant denied the adoption and claimed to be the heir to the property. Mr. Phadke, the Subordinate Judge, held the plaintiff to be the adopted son of Venkatrao Desai; and he decreed to him the declaration sought for in his plaint. The defendant preferred in appeal to the District Judge. On behalf of the plaintiff it was objected that an appeal lay to the High Court and not to him; he had no jurisdiction. The Judge overruled the objection, and hearing the appeal reversed the decree.

From this decree the plaintiff appealed to the High Court. Their lordships overruled the District Judge and ordered the appeal to be presented to the High Court.

THE ORIGINAL SIDE.

APPOINTMENT OF RECEIVERS.

Mr. Justice Davar has disposed of the rule for the appointment of a receiver obtained by the the plaintiff in the suit of Bhagvandas Karsandas versus Mathuradas Kalianji and another, in which the parties were partners in a piece-goods business.

In the course of his judgment his lordship observed that the plaintiff complained he had been excluded from the partnership, which was dissolved. He had obtained the rule on the allegation that the defendants were tampering with the books, and were removing, clandestinely, goods from the partnership-shop to their own shop in Sittaram Buildings. Their allegations were specifically denied by the defendants. When the plaintiff was asked to come into the box, and substantiate the allegations he had made, he did not do so, and informed the court, through his counsel, that his information was derived from his neighbouring shop-keepers. The business was an exceedingly large one, and the capital the plaintiff had brought into it was Rs. 4,000 only. Were an official receiver appointed, it would mean ruin to the business. If the business was suddenly put an end to, the plaintiff would run only a small risk. His pertinacity in seeking to having a receiver appointed was merely for the purpose of putting unfair pressure on the defendants. The defendants appeared to be men of substance and honest; there was no reason to suspect they would not act honestly by the plaintiff in the winding-up. The defendants were appointed receivers; they should furnish security for Rs. 20,000. They should proceed with the winding-up of the business expeditiously.

THE POLICE COURTS.

A CRUEL FRAUD.

On Saturday, at the Mazagon Police Court, before Mr. Dastur, Trimbak Mahadu was charged with cheating Bapuji Laloo.

Superintendent Coxen prosecuted.

The facts of the case, as elicited during the trial, showed that the accused met the complainant at the Crawford Market, and entered into a conversation with him. The complainant informed the accused that he was in search of employment, and that his circumstances were so bad that he was reduced to beggary.

The accused volunteered to secure him employment in the Century Mill on a salary of Rs. 25 per month and asked the complainant to accompany him to that mill. At the mill it was proposed to complainant by the accused that he should give as "bukshees" Rs. 10 to the clerk in charge. The complainant said he was a poor man and had only Rs. 4. with him, which he handed over to the accused. The accused asked the complainant to wait outside the mill and said he would go in and square matters with the clerk. The complainant waited for the accused who did not return.

The defence of the accused was that he had paid the money to one Govind an employee at the Century Mill, with a view to get the complainant employed.

His worship convicted the accused and sentenced him to one month's rigorous imprisonment.

APPROVER CHARGED.

Before the same magistrate, Inspector Fuller, paced Rama Itapa, on a charge of abeting Bhika Revapa and his wife Bali in the murder of Anjini.

It will be remembered that at the current Criminal Sessions Mr. Justice Beaman revoked the pardon granted to Rama Itapa who appeared in the murder case as an approver. At the Sessions Rama withdrew the statements he had made before the committing magistrate in which he had detailed the circumstances in which the murder was committed and of the part he took in removing the body. Before his lordship Rama stated that he made the statement at the instance of the police. His lordship thought the evidence of the other witnesses at the sessions trial showed very conclusively that Rama had taken a minor part in the murder by helping the murderers to remove the body and ordered the pardon to be revoked. Inspector Fuller applied for a postponement, which was granted.

AN AMERICAN STRANDED.

Before Mr. Kenneth Kemp, Chief Presidency Magistrate on Saturday, Inspector Jefferies charged Martin Glaustein, an American, under the Vagrancy Act.

The accused said that he had come to India to find work about a month ago, but was unsuccessful. He, however, expected to get some help from his brother who was a police officer in Calcutta. He had written to him, but in the absence of the proper address perhaps the letters were miscarried.

Mr. Jefferies said that there was a police officer of the accused's name in Calcutta, but he did not know if he was his brother.

The magistrate ordered the accused to be kept in the Stranger's Home and postponed the case for a week to enable the accused to communicate with his brother.

ALLEGED CHEATING.

A PIPLODA STATE AFFAIR.

On Saturday, before Mr. S. A. Dabholkar, First Class Resident Magistrate of Bandra, the case in which Mr. Malcolm-Kothawalla, Deputy-Superintendent of Police, Thana, charged Ardeshir Cowasji Bhajwalla with cheating one Gulabdass D. Mehta in respect of Rs. 1,676 and forgery, came up for hearing.

The prosecution case was that the accused represented to the complainant that he was the private secretary to the Chief of Piploda and that he would get the complainant appointed agent to the Chief in Bombay on a salary of Rs. 50 per month plus the commission on articles purchased and that after some time he would get the complainant an appointment in the Agricultural Department of the Piploda State and would get his friend, Hiralal, the agent's post on the same terms, and on these representations obtained from him on the strength of certain forged documents, various articles and money from time to time of the aggregate value of Rs. 1,676.

The prosecution also charged the accused's son, Nowroji, a lad, aged about sixteen with abetment of these offences.

For this accused it was contended that he should not be tried jointly with the principal offender, as some of the evidence in the first case had already been recorded and that the trial in the son's case should be postponed until the substantive offence against the father had been made out.

The magistrate upheld this contention and the second accused's trial was postponed.

Bail for the second accused, Nowroji, was applied for.

His honour ordered the accused to be enlarged on a bail of Rs. 1,000.

The case against Ardeshir, the first accused, was then taken up.

The complainant, examined, said he was a Graduate in Agriculture and was employed by the Gaurakshak Mandli at Arusli. In September last, one day, the accused met him at the Marine Lines station and after a preliminary conversation said he was an officer of the Piploda State and asked him if he (the complainant) would take up service in that State as an agricultural officer of a salary of Rs. 75 per month. The accused saw him again a day or two later and asked him to send an application to the Chief. The next day, the accused sent his son to bring him to an hotel in Bandra. The witness asked the son (who is charged with abetment), what position the accused occupied in the Piploda State and the son replied that he was the private secretary to the Chief. At the hotel, the accused took from him his application and copies of the testimonials and then asked him, if he had any friends who would act as agents to the Chief in Bombay on a salary of Rs. 50 plus five per cent. commission on the value of the goods purchased. The next day the witness took his friend Chundulal Mulchand Mehta to the same hotel and introduced him to the accused. To Chunilal, the accused said that he was private secretary to the Chief. Chunilal accepted the terms proposed, but the accused asked the witness to act as agent until he was appointed in the State, adding that Chunilal would succeed him. The accused then took the witness aside and told him to ask Chunilal to supply him (the accused) with some cloth worth about Rs. 50. The witness communited this to Chunilal, but the latter refused. Thereupon the accused said, "How will you be able to execute orders of thousands of rupees, if you are not able to execute this order of Rs. 50?" The accused then took the witness aside and asked for a sum of Rs. 50, observing that he was short of money and that he had spent the Rs. 3,000 he had with him in purchases. The witness paid the Rs. 50 to the accused next day. Nothing further happened for about a month. On the 8th November, the accused's son Nowroji came to him with a letter, in which the accused asked him to go to Udwada and to pay his son Nowroji Rs. 10 or Rs. 15 and to send certain goods. In that letter mention was also made of the Rs. 50 paid to the accused in Bandra. The witness purchased the goods mentioned in the letter for Rs. 37 and left with the accused's for Udwada. The witness delivered these things to the accused who assured him that the agent's post was secured for him and that he would get the pay order after the accused had gone to Piploda. He also said that the provision for the post in the agricultural department would be made in the budget of March, 1912, and that the witness would be called after the necessary sanction was accorded. The accused then asked for Rs. 250 to buy furniture for the Chief's camp at the Delhi Coronation Durbar. He said that it would be troublesome to buy the goods in Bombay and that he wanted the Rs. 250 to buy the same on the witness' behalf as agent at Delhi. The witness had no cash then but promised to send the amount after his return to Akusti, Malad. The accused then asked the witness to send fruits and cakes to the Chief through him. The witness returned to his residence on the 9th and sent the Rs. 250 by money-order the next day. To send it Rs. 250, he had to borrow Rs. 300. The accused then sent two letters, in which he asked the witness to send soap, eau-de-cologne, perfumery, pain-killer and a purgative. The witness next received a letter from the accused from Delhi demanding Rs. 85. In that letter the accused suggested that he would profit the complainant by Rs. 75 or so if he (the complainant) made out bills as he suggested. The same day the witness sent the fruits and cakes to the Chief by parcel. About the demand of Rs. 85, the witness consulted his friend Hiralal and the the two came to an understanding, that witness should pretend to be away from Bombay and that Hiralal should write to the accused that the complainant was not there. Accused sent two more letters and a wire from Delhi, urgently demanding the Rs. 85 and several other articles, including an over-coat. The witness replied that he had no money and asked the accused to buy the things on his behalf at Delhi. To this the accused replied that the witness should prepare himself with sufficient money to enable him to execute the State orders if he wanted the post. On the night of the 26th January, the accused came to the witness' residence with his son Nowroji and said he had brought the "pay order" and would give it to him the next day. The accused gave him the "pay order" the next day in the presence of Hiralal and Nowroji. The accused then asked him to prepare his bill and gave an order for some gold ornaments, provisions, bedding and coloured sheets. The witness was then given to understand that he would get Rs. 75 from the Chief by way of a gift for "poshak." On the 31st January, he sent these things with Hiralal to the accused, who had then gone to Baroda. He had also sent in his bill. Subsequently, at the accused's request, witness took Nowroji to a doctor and had him treated.

Continuing, the witness said he took Rs. 900 from his father at Surat and out of that paid Rs. 320 to the accused and kept the rest with him to execute further orders. On his way from Surat to Bombay, the stationmaster of Damaun met him and asked him to be careful with regard to his dealings with the accused. The witness became suspicious and reported the matter to the police. He supplied all the goods as he believed in the accused's representation that he was the private secretary to the Chief, and an officer of the State. Had he known it to be otherwise, he would not have supplied these goods.

The Chief of Piploda was the next witness to be examined, but he had sent a telegram stating "attendance impossible, letter follows." As the letter had not arrived the magistrate adjourned the hearing of the case.

INCUMBRANCES ON IMMOVABLE PROPERTIES.

Messrs. Forbes and Co., Solicitors, send us the following correspondence for publication:—

They say:—"In the interests of the general public and of the legal profession we thought it necessary to bring to the notice of the Hon'ble Mr. F. G. Pratt, I.C.S., Inspector-General of Registration, certain difficulties which had been experienced while taking search for incumbrances relating to immovable properties in the office of the Sub-Registrar of Bombay. We are now glad to inform the public and the profession that the Hon'ble Mr. Pratt has been good enough to remove most of the difficulties for which great favour the profession and the public should feel grateful to that worthy officer.—Yours, &c.,

FORBES & CO.,
Attorneys, High Court, Bombay.

To the Registrar General of Bombay, BOMBAY.

Sir,—In the interest of the public and legal profession we have the honour to address as follows:—

We need hardly point out that in order to find out incumbrances against immovable properties it is essential and absolutely necessary to have a careful thorough and complete search of the Registries of the Registrar and Sub-Registrar up to the date and time of the completion of the matters of mortgages, sales, etc., and that solicitors and vakils who are entrusted by their clients to take such search are responsible to make good any damage which their clients may sustain or incur by reason of any negligence on the part of the solicitor or vakil to detect any existing incumbrance.

We beg to mention that often solicitors are required by their clients to furnish certificates of there being no incumbrance before the matters of mortgages or purchases are completed.

2. The present practice of finding out any incumbrance is to take search of the nominal and locality indices of each and every year of registries of documents kept in the office of the Sub-Registrar of assurances.

3. When such indices of a current or last year is not completed, counter-foils or receipts which are granted by the Registrar or Sub-Registrar on presentation of documents for registration from the date the indices are imcomplete up to date are produced by clerks of the Registrar or Sub-Registrar for inspection to the person taking search.

We beg to mention for your information that at the end of the last month when we had to take search in a matter of a further charge index for the month of December, 1911 was not forthcoming although we were told that several extra hands were engaged to copy out registered documents.

4. For a person inspecting such counter-foils it is impossible to find out on the face of the counterfoil an incumbrance if any existing in respect of a certain property for which the search is taken inasmuch as in the counter-foil, the only name of the person presenting a document is given but the "names of the executing parties and the locality" in which the property is situate and which are the chief and essential resources to trace out an incumbrance are not inserted. A presenting party may be is claiming party such as a mortgagee or a purchaser but not a "mortgagor or a vendor" who has contracted to mortgage or sell his property, for which a search is taken, and who could have created an incumbrance.

5. Further to complete a search, one is taken by chaprasi from desk to desk to inspect numerous documents which are being copied or indexed and registration whereof completed but not indexed. After one has looked into the aforesaid documents he is taken to a safe in which document partially registered or which are still to be registered are kept. Here one has to go through numerous bundles of documents. Even in this case there is a difficulty as inspection is not allowed many a time of these documents of which execution is not admitted by the parties though when execution is admitted and the document is registered it relates back to and is in force from the date the document was executed.

6. Notwithstanding all such care and trouble in taking search as aforesaid one is not certain and does not feel himself satisfied that he has not missed any document from inspection a document under which an incumbrance searched for may have very likely been created and he is therefore never free from the anxiety of his responsibility.

7. We therefore most respectfully beg to make the following suggestion for your consideration, viz., that in the aforesaid counterfoil of the receipt "the names of the executants and the name of the locality" in which the property is situate (with its Municipal and Collector's Nos., if fessible) may be inserted so that by inspection of such counterfoil from the last date of the index upto the completion of the matter, not only all the troubles of going from desk to desk of looking into numerous documents will be obviated but that such course will ensure a thorough and complete search without missing a single incumbrance.

8. Under these circumstances we have the honour to request that you will be so good as to issue necessary directions in future to make the necessary improvement as aforesaid in the counter-foil of the receipt and to authorise the officials in charge thereof to allow search of the same and inspection of the documents whether registered or not regarding which doubts may arise on such search of the counter-foils. Expense of such improvement will almost be nil to the Government, but at the same time such improvement will (a) tend to safeguard the interests of moneys in immovable properties, and (b) relieve the legal profession from great responsibility as aforesaid.

9. We here beg to bring to your notice the kind civil treatment received by the public and legal profession at the hands of Government officials, high and low, in the registration department and the facility given by them while search is being taken.—We have, etc.,

(Sd.) FORBES & CO.,
Solicitors, High Court, Bombay.

From J. C. D'Almeida, Esquire, Sub-Registrar of Bombay,

To Messrs. Forbes and Co.

Bombay, 23rd March.

Gentlemen,—With reference to your letter dated the 15th instant regarding suggestion in the matter of Indices addressed to the Inspector General of Registration and forwarded by that officer for report, I have the honour to draw your attention to sec. 57 and to request that you will be so good as to let me know:—

(1) The authority under which you claim inspection of documents, which await inquiry prescribed in sec. 34.

(2) Whether the suggestion of noting names of executants and situation of properties only on counterfoils of receipts granted for documents remaining adjourned, if carried out, will safegurd the interests of the parties, if the search is allowed only of such receipts.

(3) Whether you are aware of a list which maintained in the office and which gives names of the presentor and of the parties for whose appearance the enquiry stands adjourned, and whether you consider this list a safeguard if otherwise in what respects.

(4) Whether you can consider such deeds public documents within the meaning of sec. 74 of the Evidence Act.

(5) Whether documents put in evidence in a certain suit are according to law, Rules or Practice open to inspection of persons other than parties to the suit and if so under what circumstances.—I have, &c.,

(Sd.) J. C. D'ALMEIDA,
Sub-Registrar of Bombay.

3rd April, 1912.

J. C. D'Almeida, Esquire, Sub-Registrar of Bombay.

SIR,—In reply to your letter, dated the 23rd ultimo, we have the honour to give the following answers to the questions therein set out in their order:—

1. We beg to invite your attention to Chapter XIII of the Indian Registration Act relating to fees for registration searches and copies and to the words "for making or granting copies of documents before, on or after registration" in section 78 thereof. From this we submit it might be argued that the Act contemplates giving inspection or allowing search of such documents referred to in this question.

2 Yes; but then in this case there is this difficulty that the parties will have to go through all the counterfoils of the receipts for at least eight months previous to the date of taking such search, which we submit can be obviated if these counterfoils are kept in an alphabetical order of the situations of the various properties or if a list or index is kept as and in the form and manner shown on the Exhibit "A" annexed hereto. In the latter case if the parties are allowed inspection of such list or index there will be no need for inspection of any particular document or documents in question, because if need be, the parties can call upon the other parties for an explanation of such document or documents. Of course in the latter case that is to say to keep a list in the form annexed hereto and marked "A" the Government may have to engage the services of one more clerk but that we submit will not mean much expense to Government looking to the immense benefit that will be done to the public, viz., the parties and the legal profession. However, the Government can recoup this expenze by proportionately enhancing the fees already charged for under the said Chapter XIII or by charging a special fee for the inspection of such a list or index. We most respectfully submit that such list or index is absolutely necessary under the circumstances mentioned in our letter dated the 15th ultimo and addressed to the Registrar General of Bombay; and on behalf of the general public and the legal profession, we shall feel highly obliged to you if you will be so good as to suggest to the Government to adopt the course of keeping such an index as above innociated.

3. We have been shown the list referred to in this question; but we submit the same is not at all a safeguard as only the names of the executants who have not admitted execution are given therein.

4. It might be argued that once the documents are lodged for registration, i. e., for being publicly recorded they should be considered public documents. They are parted with by the parties with such intention, viz., for being publicly recorded, and if through default or change of intention afterwards, the execution thereof is not admitted and in case then cease to be public documents from the date of such withdrawal, but until they are thus withdrawn it may be argued that they should be considered public documents being specially left for that purpose.

5. If such persons have any claim, interest or demand in, to or upon such documents, it may be argued that they are entitled to the inspection of the said documents.

We trust you will do your best as you have done up till now in the interests of the general public and the legal profession.—We have, etc.,

(Sd.) FORBES AND CO.,
Solicitors, High Court, Bombay.

Poona, 8th June, 1912.

From the Hon. Mr. F. G. Pratt, I.C.S., Ag. Inspector General of Registration, Bombay Presidency, Poona.

To the Sub-Registrar of Bombay.

SIR,—With reference to your No. 461, dated 10th April last, on the subject matter of Messrs. Forbes and Co., Solicitors' letter, dated 13th March, to this office, I have the honour to inform you that I entirely agree with Messrs. Forbes and Co., that when once any document has been presented for registration, i.e., for being publicly recorded, that document should be considered a "public document" as it has been presented for the purpose of being publicly recorded. In the case of such a document there is no objection to allowing inspection or search or copy at any stage prior to its registration.

2. As regards the arrangements suggested to afford facility of search, I find that (1) immediate preparation of Index Nos. 1-A and 1-B from day to day without any arrears and (2) amplification of the list maintained under Rule 54 are arrangements which are not free from objection. Preparation of Indexes before copying of the deed into the register book may lead to column 4 of the Index remaining blank in several cases and amplification of the list under rule 54 may still require a search in two places, viz:—(1) Index No. 1 and (2) the amplified list. I am, therefore, inclined to accept Messrs. Forbes and Company's suggestion that the receipt form should show two additional particulars, viz., locality and names of executants. I am sending an amended receipt books with instructions as to how to use these and would request that the above additional particulars may be inserted in the right hand side of the receipt as shown in the sample receipt No. 2603. These amended receipts omit much of details appearing in the present receipt form (appendix T to Registration Rules) and should admit of the additional particulars being conveniently inserted without entailing any extra clerical labor. A rubber stamp containing the inscription "Locality and names of executants" will be supplied to you to be affixed on the receipts and the particulars only will be filled in in manuscript. In cases where the number of executants exceeds four the word "and others" may be added as shown in the sample form.—I have, &c.,

(Sd.) F. PRATT.
Ag. Inspector General of Registration.

Ref:—539 (a)—General of 1912.

Poona, 8 JUNE, 1912.

Copy forwarded with compliments to Messrs. Forbes and Co., Solicitors, Bombay, for information with reference to their letter, dated 13th March last. The orders now issued will, it is believed, meet Messrs. Forbes and Company's views at every point, but it is not possible to arrange the receipts in the alphabetical order of localities as receipts must appear consecutively in a bound book.

(Sd.) F. PRATT,
Ag. Inspector General of Registration.

BOMBAY INQUESTS.

Coroner's Jury's Verdict against Goan Cooks.

The adjourned inquest, touching the death of Baban Gangadhar, who was assaulted on the night of the 30th June at Cavel by three Goanese cooks, was resumed by Mr. G. F. Chalk the Coroner at the Gocouldas Hospital on Friday.

The evidence of witnesses was recorded by the Coroner. The jury then recorded a verdict that Baban Gangadhar died of concussion of brain caused by blows given with sticks when he was assaulted by Manuel Barretto and Peter Albuquerque. The jury also added that the blows given by Antone Nicholas Braganza with a cane contributed to the cause of the death of Baban and recorded an opinion that the act of the accused amounted to an offence under the Indian Penal Code.

OPIUM POISONING.

An inquest was held at the Morgue on the body of one Argun Heera, aged 30, a sweeper.

Argun was living with his uncle. On Friday night the family were disturbed by a noise made by a goat, and the uncle got up to see what was wrong, when he found his wife in Argun's company. In the morning a reconciliation was brought about between the uncle and the nephew, and they all went to work as usual. In the afternoon Argun was found lying unconscious in his room. He was removed to the hospital where he died.

At the inquest a verdict of "suicide by opium poisoning" was recorded.

ONE dose of SQUIBB'S AGUE SPECIFIC, is generally sufficient to bring down fever. It needs but perseverence to effect a permanent cure in the most obstinate cases. SQUIBB'S AGUE SPECIFIC is a Tonic for the heart and will not effect the system, if taken any length of time. Beware of imitations? Of all Chemists.—MADON, SONS & Co., Crawford Market, Bombay.

FOOTBALL IN BOMBAY.

Bombay Athletic vs. R. A. T. A.

SCIENTIFIC FOOTBALL ON A WET GROUND.

R. A. T. A. 3: ATHLETIC 1.

Despite the threatening weather there was a good gathering of spectators on the Cooperage for this match on Saturday. Hopes of improvement in the form of the Athletic suffered another damping, for the R.A.T.A. showed really excellent form. Long before the game ended the rain came and literally swamped the ground. The recent complaints with regard to the red earth were justified; the ground quickly assumed the appearance of a clay-pit. Miss-kicks, which were plentiful at the commencement of the game, became more so, and on many occasions the ball slid away at a tremendous pace immediately it touched the ground. Although the Athletic did most of the attacking after the rain had fallen, they at no time appeared really dangerous. Throughout the game the Templars played scientific football, their forwards giving the best display seen this year on the Co-operage.

The Athletic won the toss and defended the Bandstand goal. The ball went to Smith, on the extreme right, and he promptly forced a corner Chapman misskicking. The ball hovered round Rockley and once a miss-kick by Templeton nearly let Hastings through. Rockley got the sphere away to Woodward who set Barnard going—a good effort saw the ball go behind. Quite a surprise goal was the next interesting item. Smith got the ball at the half way line and he quickly went down and centred; Hastings took the ball on the run and, before Rockley could realize it, it was reclining in the net, a really good goal. This point was speedily followed by a second. Smith was again set going by Bicknell, from a goal kick, and he had no difficulty in making his way to the other end where as it appeared the stands, he endeavoured to centre. The ball came down perpendicularly into the goal mouth and found the net——a lucky point. As this second goal was registered, Elliott appeared to fill the vacant position in the Athletic forward line—winners' stockings, and in ordinary shoes. Despite this he played a forceful and useful game. Templeton handled near goal, but Foskett got his foot to the shot and Hyde, who had changed places with Barnard, got away on the left. He hesitated a second too long and was handled off the ball when well placed. Chapman returned the ball to Woodford who made a meritorious attempt to go through The burly right back tackled him and he transferred to Elliott; this player shot and the ball bounded off Hunt into the net. With the score at 2-1 in their favour the Templars made great efforts, Rockley, however, dealt splendidly with many awkward shots and half time arrived with no further score.

From the restart Smith was again to the fore and he gave Rockley a handful when awkwardly placed. Templeton relieved Hastings of the ball and made straight for goal. He passed instead of shooting and so lost a good opportunity of augmenting the Athletics score. Brewin, too, made a mess of the pass. The rain now began to fall heavily and the area of play quickly resembled a quagmire. Players misskicked in all directions and at other times the ball beat the players. Brewin made a good tricky run on the right, but his final effort was marred by Shaw, who goes in his way. Smith came again on the right and, after his good effort, Ison ran in and trundled the ball thoroguh as Rockley was endeavouring to get a grip on the greasy thing. Woodford had an excellent chance of minimising the defeat, but his shot, a good one, was saved by Bicknell. Shots by Hyde, Chapman, and Barnard all went astray and then "hands" was given against the R.A.T.A. in the penalty area. For some unknown reason no penalty kick was awarded and Hyde's shot was charged down. From a corner by Barnard, Chapman placed the ball right in the mouth of the goal and Brewin, rushing up, kicked over the bar—a good chance lost. Soon after the final whistle blew with the R. A. T. A. easily victorious by 3 goals to one. Both sides had missed many excellent openings and but for the excellent play of Chapman and Rockley, the score might have been heavier.

R. A. T. A. ..... 3.
Athletic ..... 1.

THE LEAGUE TABLE.

The teams now stand as follows in the League table:—

	P.	W.	D.	L.	Goals. For	A.	P.
Royal Warwicks	4	3	1	0	14	3	7
R. G. Artillery	4	2	0	2	7	3	6
Bombay Gymkhana	4	2	1	1	8	4	6
R. A. Temperance	4	2	1	1	5	3	5
Byculla M. I.	4	1	1	2	3	5	3
Bombay Athletic	4	1	0	3	7	7	2
Y. M. C. A.	4	1	0	3	6	11	2
Hornets	4	1	0	3	3	13	2

CRICKET.

R. I. M. vs. HONGKONG BANK.

R. I. M. Officers and Hongkong played on the Oval on Saturday the 6th July resulting in a win for the R.I.M. by 75 runs and 2 wickets.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANK.

De Souza, b Collins	...	1
Columbine, run out	...	15
Nowrojee, b Collins	...	3
Motiram, b Collins	...	8
Sunderao J, c Collins, b Robertson	...	2
Pirojsha, c Hughes-Hallett, b Robertson	...	23
Sedna, st Marsden, b Vines	...	2
D'Souza, not out	...	9
Sunderao A, st Marsden, b Vines	...	0
Jehangir, b Robertson	...	1
D'Silva, b Robertson	...	0
Extras	...	6
Total	...	49

R. I. M. OFFICERS.

Asst. Eng. Bishop-Drake, c Pirojsha, b Sunderao J	...	6
Eng Collins, c Sunderao J, b D'Souza	...	0
Lieut Marsden, b D'Souza	...	8
Comdr Vines, c and b D'Souza	...	2
Ch Eng Sharvell, b D'Souza	...	23
Sub-Lt Hughes-Hallett, b Pirojsha	...	7
Ch Engr Robertson, c and b Nowroji	...	35
Sub Lt Osborne-Smith, not out	...	37
Lieut Lane, c Sunderao A, b Sunderao J	...	1
Lieut Livesay, not out	...	2
Sub Lt Gray, did not bat.		
Extras	...	3
Total	...	124

BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

The interesting annual fixture between the Bombay Gymkhana "A" and the Elphinstone College was not played on Saturday as arranged owing to the condition of the wicket. This is the second match of the season that has had to be abandoned, the first being the one against the Xavier's College.

POONA GYMKHANA vs. TELEGUS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, JULY 7.

The annual one-day match between the Poona Gymkhana and the local Telegu C. C. was played here yesterday in fine weather. The wicket was in good order which a couple of small showers of rain did not spoil. After losing Greig

THE WEATHER.

Reported Improvement in the Conditions.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 6.

The monsoon has been fairly active in the United Provinces and central parts of the country, but less active in Burma; and there are indications of the formation in the Bay of a depression which may prove of importance if it should subsequently move inland.

Rainfall has been nearly general on the West Coast as far north as Surat, and the centre and east of the Central Provinces. Fairly general rain has also occurred in the United Provinces, nearly general in Bihar, Orissa, Bengal and Assam, and fairly general in Lower Burma. There have also been a few falls in north-east Baluchistan and Upper Burma.

The principal amounts were:—Toungoo, one inch; Cherrapunji, four inches; Dibrugarh, Silchar, Saugor Island, each an inch and a half; Berhampore, one inch; Darjeeling, three inche; Sambalpur, Gaya, Roorkee, each two inches; Dehra Dun, Muktesar, Fort Sandeman, each one inch; Amraoti, three-quarters of an inch; Seoni, an inch and a half; Nagpur, three inches; Raipur and Chanda, each one inch; Karwar, Cochin, each an inch and a half; and Mangalore and Calcutta, each one inch of rain.

The temperature has fallen in the United Provinces and the Punjab but is still above normal locally in these areas and the Central Provinces.

Forecast:—Diminution of rainfall in Assam.

Arabian Sea:—The mail steamer which arrived from Aden yesterday morning experienced well marked monsoon conditions throughout, with moderate gale for half a day.

SIMLA, JULY 7.

The Bay Monsoon has extended along the Gangetic Plain into south-east Punjab and Bombay. The monsoon has extended somewhat more fully across Hyderabad to the North Madras Coast, but indications of the formation of a depression in the Bay have disappeared. Rainfall has been nearly general on the West Coast as far as Veraval and on the Madras coast (north), local in Mysore, Bombay and the Deccan, and fairly general in Hyderabad and the Central Provinces. A few showers have occurred in the south-east Punjab and local rainfall in the United Provinces, while there has been fairly general rain in the northern half of Bihar and Orissa, in Bengal, and nearly general in Assam and Lower Burma. In Upper Burma, only a few falls are reported.

Chief amounts are: Port Blair, three inches; Victoria Point, and Tavoy each two inches; Bassein, Kyaukpyu and Benares, each one inch; Mainpuri, an inch and a half; Chakrata, four inches; Sirsa, half an inch; Veraval a quarter of an inch; Nagpur three inches; Panchmari, an inch and a half; Ratnagiri, and Goa, each two inches, and Raichur and Gopalpur, each an inch and a half.

Normal monsoon conditions of humidity and cloud have extended over the whole country except in the north-west.

Forcast:—An extension of rainfall into Central India.

SIMLA, JULY 6.

The last week's total rainfall was normal or in excess in the Bay islands, Lower Burma, Assam, Bengal, Bihar, Berar, the Central Provinces (east), Bombay, the Deccan, Hyderabad (north) and on the West Coast and in defect elsewhere. In the Central Provinces (west), the United Provinces (west), Central India (east), and Chota Nagpur, the defect amounted to about two inches. The seasonable rainfall up to date is either normal or in defect throughout the country, the actual defect being most marked in the Bay islands, Orissa and the Central Provinces where it amounts to about seven or eight inches.

STORM IN LAHORE.

LAHORE, JULY 6.

A violent duststorm, accompanied in some parts of the station by a sharp downpour of rain, blew for several hours in Lahore last night relieving temporarily the oppressive heat.

AT SEA.

The Hansa Line steamer "Weissenfels," Captain T. Belten, which arrived in harbour on Friday evening, from Harmburg and Antwerp, reports having experienced strong S. W. monsoon.

The steamer "Belle of Ireland," Captain S. A. Weeks, arrived in harbour, also on Friday, met with strong monsoon during the last week of her voyage.

RAINFALL STATISTICS.

IN BOMBAY.

	Byculla made In Ots	Espla-nade In Cts	Fort In Cts	Colaba. In Cts
Previously registered	10·90	10·89	11·59	11·33
Saturday, 6th July.....	0·54	0·41	0·25	0·25
Total	11·44	11·30	11·84	11·61
Same e last year.....	14·44	14·31	15 25	12·27

[KEEP & CO., LD., CUMBALLA HILL, JULY 6.

Rainfall up to 8 a. m.

Station.	Last 24 hours.	Total to date.	Corpdg. Total 1910.	Corpdg. Total 1911.
	In. cts.	In. cts.	In. cts.	In cts.
Cumballa Hill...	0·25	12·56	28·21	12·97

BOOT FACTORY AT SION.

Registered Rainfall.

24 hours ending 8 a. m. of the 5th July.		Total up-to-date.	
In.	Cts.	In.	Cts.
1	26	16	27

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Saturday, the 6th July, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Surat records 0·35" of rain. Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. Humidity is in excess in the area of rainfall and in defect at Indore. Maximum temperature is in excess except at the coast stations.

The Konkan.—Nearly general rain has fallen; Bombay has had 0·28", Ratnagiri 0·11", Mormugao 0·32" and Karwar 1·26". Skies are moderately clouded. Humidity and temperature are normal.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Nizamabad records 0·12" of rain. Skies are moderately to heavily clouded. The usual amount of moisture is present in the air. Temperature is normal.

General Remarks.—There has been an increase both in the area and amount of rainfall in the Central Provinces, nearly general rain having fallen in the eastern and southern districts. Rainfall has increased also in Malabar and the adjacent parts of Konkan; in the north Konkan precipitation is light. Local rain has fallen in the Madras Deccan, south Hyderabad and south Gujarat. Isolated showers have fallen also in the east Punjab and the United Provinces. Some strengthening of the monsoon is noticeable to-day.

Nearly general rain is likely on the west coast of the Peninsula and the east Central Provinces, and local rain elsewhere in the central parts of the country and a few showers in south Gujarat and south Kathiawar. A few showers are possible in the Deccan, the United Provinces and the east Punjab.

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The reading of the barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 32. F. and for Calcutta standard at 8 a. m. (local time) 6th July, was 29·689 inches. The height of observatory barometer cistern above zero of the tide gauge at Apollo Bunder is 7 feet. The height of tide in the stream above zero of the tide gauge was 7 feet at 8 a. m. (local time). The temperature correction for a mercurial barometer, supposing the reading to be 30·00 inches and that of the attached thermometer 80 deg. F. will be 14in. and this will be higher or lower by 01 inch for each 4 degrees. In the case of the aneroid no temperature correction is required. Should the height of barometer cistern either mercurial or aneroid above zero of the gauge be different from 47 feet, it will read higher or lower by 6 inch for each 11 feet. The readings above are distinct from those given in the daily weather report to which different corrections have been applied.

H. A. ARMSTRONG,
Meteorologist, Bombay.

CURRENT INDIAN NEWS.

The Maharaja of Gwalior is expected to visit Simla shortly.

Last Friday was the anniversary of the opening of the E. I. R. to Rajmahal, which event occurred in 1860.

The Hon. Mr. Maxwell, C.I.E., Director General of Posts and Telegraphs, arrived in Karachi on Saturday and will leave to-day.

The Government of India have accepted the revised general rules for railways under construction and these will come into operation from the 1st of October, 1912.

Last week constituted a record in the circulation of currency notes in this country, the total value of the notes in circulation amounting to rupees 64 crores, and 12 lakhs.

The Irrawady Flotilla Company intend to increase the cargo service between Rangoon and Mandalay, two steamers per week being despatched each way, instead of one as at present.

Captain Hodgson, I. M. S., of the Research Institute at Kasauli, has, with a small staff, been deputed to conduct a malarial survery of Delhi and its neighbourhood for the information of the Government of India.

The approximate earnings of the Sind Light Railways, Ld., for the week ending the 15th June were Rs. 2,500, making the total earnings for the period 1st January to 15th June, Rs. 81,800.

Mr. I Eccles, M.A., Superintendent of Trigonometrical Surveys, retires from the Survey Department in September next, and will be succeeded by Lieutenant-Colonel G. P. Lenox Cunyngham, R.E.

Bombardier Wilson, 2nd Battery, R. F. A., who was recently tried by a District Court Martial at Bangalore on a charge of defrauding the Battery of its dance funds, has been acquitted and discharged.

The commission which is to investigate foot and mouth disease in this country, which is expected to visit India, cannot now arrive before the early part of the cold weather. The members will probably proceed direct to Muktesar or Bareilly.

The new Indian postage stamps are not as yet used largely, as the old issues appear to be still plentiful. The latter, however, do not interest philatelists to as great an extent as the former. The new stamps are keenly looked forward to by collectors in Europe.

Moulvie Haji Syed Md. Siddiq Aalam 'Fatmi Razvi of Mahbub Manzil, Jahanabad, while at Mecca, had a horse presented him by the Sharif of Mecca, who had it sent to India. The horse arrived at Bombay on the 1st instant and will reach Bankipur on the 6th.

Mrs. Duer, wife of Colonel Duer, Civil Surgeon, Simla East, who was injured in a smash on the Grand Trunk Road, is, says a message from home by the mail, quite out of danger. She is still in bed, as the injuries she sustained to one lung have much retarded her recovery.

With reference to the "Daring Rescue" at the Niagara Falls, described in the "Statesman," a correspondent writes from Jhalda (Manbhoom district) to say that from the American papers to hand the first person to rush to the rescue of the drowning man was an Armenian named Arsm Georgian.

A case of murder is reported from the Walwanad Taluk, South Malabar, the victim being a Tiyya woman, aged 45, who is said to have been murdered last Saturday by a Nair youth, aged 25, under tragic circumstances. It is said that the man attacked the woman with a chopper and also wounded her son, aged ten years.

The Karachi Municipality has received with favour the proposal of the Karachi Chamber of Commerce that a system of terminal charges should be substituted for the present octroi system of municipal taxation. A joint committee composed of representatives of both bodies will meet to frame the schedule.

H. E. the Governor of Ceylon opened the All-Ceylon Exhibition in Colombo on the first instant. In doing so, he referred to the several firms which had helped to make the show the success it was. It was essentially the people's show, he said; it had been done by the people, with the people and for the people, and he wished it every success.

We take the following from the advertisement columns of a Calcutta contemporary as showing the latest thing in betting:—Football Betting.—Separate Betting on every Match,—Civil vs. Military.—Association Saield, Gymkhana Shield, Trades, etc. Win and Place; Doubles—absolute, mixed.—Betting on Individual Scoring—A Speciality. The Mary Club, 59, Beadon Street.

On a warrant from Chittagong (Bengal), Chinnatambi Moodelley, of Messrs. Burges and Co., Madras who recently established himself as a commission agent, and six others, were arrested on a charge of cheating. All the men, it is alleged, were connected as directors with bogus insurance concerns and had swindled quite a number of people. The arrested men have been admitted to bail.

At a meeting of the Burma Rivers Transport Co., Ltd. (in liquidation) on Saturday with Mr. O. De Glanville, liquidator, in the chair, it was resolved that the two liquidators should take legal advice from Calcutta on the question of personal liability of the directors, in respect of rebates, commissions, and so forth, and a further meeting will be called on the receipt of the opinion.

Now that Government have appointed a Committee to deal with the raising of Anglo-Indian Regiments for military service in India, it would be an act of courtesy, a Jhansi correspondent writes, to appoint Lieutenant Abbott, V. D., on the Committee, as he has been the pioneer of this movement and has strenuously advocated it, even having it represented in the House of Commons.

On Wednesday, with a few heavy falls, Dinajpur got 5 inches and Cherrapoonji 7 inches, other stations receiving smaller amounts. Professor Peake in his report of yesterday said "no change of importance is probable during the next 24 hours," but the weather, with proverbial fickleness, developed a marked change about noon yesterday; dark clouds came up and rain set in about 12-30 p. m. at Calcutta.

It is rumoured that Mr. H. Donne will retire from the Secretaryship of the Mysore Races before next year's racing, but a Bangalore correspondent says that the stewards are not likely to consider Mr. Donne's withdrawal. Mr. Donne is still going strong, and the unqualified success that crowned the meeting that has just terminated, as has always attended his efforts in the same direction here and at Mysore, will, it is hoped, clinch the matter in the minds of the stewards.

In connection with the proposal to hold a big international exhibition in Calcutta, it is interesting to remember that the last exhibition of this kind was held twenty-five years ago. The site was on the maidan opposite the Museum, and a great archway was thrown across Chowringhi from a building specially erected to hold various valuable exhibits. This building subsequently became a fine art gallery. It was only dismantled two years ago, when the present extension to the Museum was planned.

The contractors for the machinery required for the Simla hydro-electric works have had to ask for an extension of time owing to the shipping strike at Home. The completion of the scheme will be somewhat delayed on this account, but everything should be in working order by next summer. One effect of this hydro-electric scheme, which will give light and power to Simla, will be that the overhead telephone wires will have to be dismantled. They could not safely remain in juxta-position to other wires carrying high currents. Telephones will accordingly be laid under ground throughout the station.

Nobody appears to have the least notion as to what is going to be done with the statue of Lord Clive pending the completion of the Victoria Memorial. A contemporary says it has been placed in Government House, but according to a Government House official it has not yet passed the Customs! It is doing rather poor justice to the memory of Clive to say that a site has not been found—perhaps has not been looked for—for the monument, yet such is the case. This brings to mind the other two long promised statues—those of Lords Curzon and Kitchener. The former was "reported" to be ready for shipment last February, and the latter was shortly afterwards to follow. If they have not been overlooked have the really been lost in the post?

Writing of the present shipping competition on the Calcutta, Rangoon and Japan run, the American Consul-General in Hongkong says: The matter is of considerable practical importance to the United States, since one of the chief objects of these respective services is the transportation of gunnies and bone meal from India to Hongkong for transhipment to the United States. The freight rate on goods from Calcutta to Hongkong is largely the controlling factor in the trade, as most commodities from India for the United States passing by way of the Pacific, including the commodities named, are handled on so small a margin that any substantial increase in the freight rate would result in an immediate reduction of the trade. This competition in the Calcutta-Hongkong service is now keen and is having a marked effect on the movement of Indian commodities to the United States.

HIGH COURT—JULY 8.

(Before the Hon'ble Sir DINSHA D. DAVAR.)

For Judgment on Motion.

713-12—Payne A M Jeevanji and Co vs. Gulam Husen E Tejbhoy Bicknell.

Long Causes.

242-11—Tyabji D Co Abdul Tyab S Hoosein vs Sadarmul Jeetmul—Malvi.

86-03—Dastur Rupram Madan Gopal vs Y R Jankiram and another Dikshit.

229-11—Motichand—Ishwar Modi vs Tarachand Lakmandas and another—K Sayani.

229-11—Motichand Ishwar Modi vs Tarachand L and another K Sayani.

826-25766-10—Jam R D Sadhoomm Tunsukhrai Jvs Harakchand Balchand—Payne.

677-11—Sham M H Mariambai Edg vs Mahomed Mulji Jeh S.

718-08—In Person P C Fernandes vs I D Fernandes Kanga and S.

436-07—Payne Dayanath Krishnanath vs D R Khote Jam R D, M J M Khunderao Edg Manch N Sh M H.

1154-09—Daphtary—The Indian Specie Bank Ld vs H N Vakil and another Payne.

587-08—Daphtary—Karsondas Dharamsey vs Khimji Purshotum and others Pestonji.

588-08—Daphtary—Karsondas Dharamsey vs Khimji Purshotum and others Pestonji.

589-08—Daphtary—Karsondas Dharamsey vs Khimji Purshotum and others Pestonji.

590-08—Daphtary Do. vs Do. Pestonji.

11-12—Mehta D—Karmalibhai Bhojabhai vs N B Chawan and others—Jamsetji.

998-08—S A Tyabji—Krishnaya Subhaya and others—Narandas Kanji—Little.

1041-08—Ardesir—Ruttonbai widow vs Lakhmivahoo widow—Bh K G Payne—Captain Dastur.

556-12—Motichand—B Purshotumdas vs H Harmukhrai Malvi.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice HEATON.)

Long Causes.

491-09—Little—Vithuldas Narrandas and another us Narotumdas Jethuram and others Dikshit.

733-05—Craigie—S. A. Wagh and others vs B. S. Wagh and others—Malvi

295-92—Payne P Vallabhdas vs Manekbai widow Little.

1012-11—Wagh B N C Dalsukhram vs S E Dewsek and another.

25 10—Malvi Manjibhai C vs M Harakchand Jam R. D.

69-12—Ardeshir R Mulchand and Co vs Panachand Little

588-99—Tyabji D C J Khoobirrm vs K Hajarlmul Khai K. G.

468-10—Edg G W The Globe Mfg Co vs Asaram and others.

51-11—Motichand Keshowlal—Chotalal vs Velji Kanji Madhoji—Mirza.

574-07—Payne—Haji Gulam M Azam vs Mahomed Haji Essac Elias—Little.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice MACLEOD.)

Summary Suits for Disposal in Chambers.

575-12—Crawford The Bank of Bombay vs R M Ablooally and another.

577-12—Crawford The Bank of Bombay vs Sarafally Esoofally and another.

578-12—Crawford The Bank of Bombay vs Mahomedally Surafally and another.

579-12—Crawford The Bank of Bombay vs Husanally Valishai and another

For Dismissal under O 22 R 3 (2) C P Code.

453-10—Dikshit L Choonilal vs B Seman and Co Malvi.

For Consent Decree.

416-10—D and Pocha Hassam H Sumar vs the Municipal Corporation for the City of Bombay and another Crawford

510-12—J M Somji Niamatulla vs B N Irani Dastur.

351-12—Madhavji Shamji Ludha and Co vs N H Belgaumwala Ardesir.

623-12—Wadia A W Campbell vs N H Belgaumwala Ardesir.

43-12—Malvi Banidco Goolraj and another vs Mahadeo Goolraj and others Raghaviya Jehangir G B Little Bhaishanker.

Long Causes.

883-05—Nanu—Nematulla E Noorodin vs. Abdul Kayum E Noorodin and others—Pestonji Payne, Little.

733-10—Captain Damji Heerji vs R Heerji and others Wadia Payne Little.

In Re I ArbitAct 9 of 1899 Edgelow D G Sukhadwalla vs G Callianji Shamrao.

775-11—Payne—S E Vegri vs I M Shaikbhoy and others Nanu Patell.

524-11—D'Cunha D P Mistri and others vs Bachubai widow and others Dadachanji D'Cunha D B Mehta.

745-11—In Person Bibibai widow and another vs Ahmed Esmail Nathoo and others Payne.

801-11—Nanu Mulji Kandas vs K Oomersey.

732-92—Mautri Saraswatibai widow vs C Gajanana and another Daphtary.

378-11—Pestonji N M Sett vs D S Gareewala Jamsetji.

21-09—Mehta D S K Patel vs Chandrabhagabai widow and others Tyabji D and Co Mehta D.

159-10—Mulla T A K Mamajiwalla and others vs S Zafferbhai and others Bicknell.

1103-09 Jehangir G B M Vajeshanker Desai vs P Virji and others Daphtary.

734-11—Harkishunlal Co vs H Bhimji Patell.

663-11 Unwalla H. Amiji and another vs A H K Araiwala Motichand.

825-11—Raghavlyn B Bapulal vs M Pitambar and others Daphtary.

791-09—Pestonji P C Sethna and Co vs The Hope Mills Co Ltd Bhaishankar.

722-10—Bicknell S Gurmukhrai and another vs P Lakhimchand and others Jamsetji.

618-11—Tyabji and Co C Damodardas vs D Tapidas and others Shamrao Raghvaya.

1005-09—Payne Vazirboo and others vs M Amedbhai and others Daphtary Mehta D.

776-11—Captain S R Bottlewala and Co vs A F Nopper and another Bicknell.

478-10—Mathubai I H Allarakhia vs Mohan Miya Shamrao Jehangir e.

630-11—Dubash K Anandji vs R Mathoorbhai and others Malvi.

1002-11—Hiralal and Co (For Pauper) C G Hoseln vs F Jaffer and others.

508-11—Nanu S W Talpade vs V W Talpade Duftary Nanu.

101-11—Payne D P Mehta vs B Bhawanbhai Edgelow.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY COLONEL B. W. L. DUNLOP, V. D.

Bombay, 8th July, 1912.

392. Parade.—"G" Company will parade at the Bombay Gymkhana on Wednesday the 10th instant at 7-30. a. m.

Dress.—Mufti.

Arms will be issued on parade.

E. G. J. BYRNE, Captain,
Adjt., B. V. R.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS:—Are you broken in your best by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other cases. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere.

SCIENTIFIC NOTES.

If Professor Perkin's process of manufacturing synthetic rubber prove to be commercially practicable, it means the attainment of an advance as notable in scientific progress as it is in industry. The new process, as explained by Professor Perkin, is briefly that starch is converted into either of two substances, acetone and fusel oil, by fermentation. These substances are then by chemical means, converted into isoprene, the "raw" product from which the artificial rubber is produced. The isoprene can be quickly converted into rubber Professor Perkin has explained, owing to a discovery—made by his colleague Dr. Matthews—that metallic sodium causes the change to take place very rapidly. The professor has declared that there is a probability of manufacturing the substance, and selling it at a profit at 2s. 6d a lb., and a probability of reducing the price to 1s., or even less.

Dr. Soltau Fenwick's strictures on the food value of chocolate, have not been allowed to pass uncontradicted. In this respect, it is of interest to record the opinion of Dr. Chalmers Watson, the specialist in dietetics. Chocolate, according to Dr. Watson, contains about 1.5 per cent. of theobromine, a valuable stimulant; 15·0 per cent. of fat, a heat and energy producing food about 60 per cent. of sugar, which is in itself a most valuable food; and 5 per cent. of nitrogenous substances. In the face of this it is difficult to see how anyone can fail to recognise the food value of chocolate. One of the best vindications of its nutritive qualities is to be found in the choice of chocolate tablets as part of the emergency rations of the German Army. After careful experiments it was found that a portion of bacon, a little peasemeal, and a few chocolate tablets afforded the greatest amount of concentrated nourishment in the most compact form.

The best method of feeding ducks has been discussed at the French Academy of Sciences, when M. Edmond Perrier read a report on the subject by M. A. Magnan. Thirty ducklings were divided into three divisions—ten were fed on meat, ten on fish, and ten on vegetable food. The fisheaters scored heavily. They began laying when they were seven-and-a-half months old. The meat eating ducks began a week later, and the vegetarians were ten months old before they laid an egg. Between December 7 and May 14 the fisheating ducks each laid fifty-four eggs, the meat-eaters forty-five each and the vegetarians were a very bad third with only nineteen each. The meat-eating ducks' eggs were the heaviest. The vegetarians in this section of the competition managed to beat the fish-eaters' eggs in weight, but the eggs of the fish-eating ducks were much better eating. Another peculiarity is that the eggs were of different colours. The fish-eating ducks laid green eggs, the eggs of the meat-eaters were white, and those laid by the vegetarians a pale pink. MM. Magnan and Perrier are convinced that all ducks should be fed on fish to attain the best egg-laying result.

The discussion as to the relative functions and limitations of the aeroplane and the air-ship for naval and military purposes has elicited an authoritative contribution from M. Bleriot. His opinion is that in war, given existing conditions, the aeroplane and the dirigible should work side by side. The air-ship can actually cover greater distances than the aeroplane, can carry more passengers, and, above all, can carry out flights at night. For purposes of ordinary travel, however, air-ship has, he considers, no value. It is too costly, too big, too liable to mishap, and it can only go out in very fine weather. But, continue M. Bleriot, "what I have just said only applies to the present time. The future must incontestably belong to the aeroplane. Twenty years hence it will be possible to build aeroplanes capable of flying with twenty-five or fifty passengers, more speedy and more easily handled than dirigibles. Moreover, in war it must be remembered that the aeroplane is much less vulnerable than the airship and can go out in all weathers."

M. Gabriel Trarieux, the well-known French author, has become a convert to astrology, which he declares to be "a real if not perfect science." He is to a large extent in accordance with the view of Maurice Maeterlinck, who has expressed the opinion that there is no reason why it should not be as easy to foretell the future as to remember the past, the only difference between the faculties of pre-vision and post-vision being that the former is not exercised. In any case M. Trarieux defends his belief, and points out that some of the greatest intelligence in the past, such as Tycho Brache, Thomas of Aquinas, and Kepler were firm believers in astrology. He admits, however that astrology is not infallible in its present state, although he contends that it can be advantageously employed for the regulation of existance. That is a belief which, like the search for the Philosopher's Stone and the Elixir of life, dies so hard that it appears to be immortal.

It is announced by the Great Northern Telegraph Company that on and after July 1 the rate to the whole of Russia in Asia (Siberia and Bokhara) will be the same as for Russia in Europe, 4 1-2d. a word instead of 1s.

Among the many ideas flung out by Swedenborg to an uncomprehending world was the suggestion that his Law of Correspondences was capable of expression in mathematical terms. For the benefit of those who recognise the validity of that law Mr. S. Redgrove, in his "Mathematical Theory of Spirit" has attempted to work out Swedenborg's idea, the successful execution of which as the great mystic said, would constitute "the first rudiments of . . . universal mathematics." The author's first chapter is devoted to an exposition of the doctrine of correspondences. Then follows the discussion of the elementary mathematical principles which are necessary for the further comprehension of the argument by which "translation" is effected from one sphere of thought to another. The author, premising that "real" numbers may be utilised symbolically to express the things of the physical world, suggests that "imaginary quantities" may be used in a similar manner to express the things of the metaphysical or spiritual world. This being admitted, there is nothing to prevent the advance to a third dimension in which by the like reasoning we shall find the counterpart of Swedenborg's "celestial" world. He hopes that these ideas will help "to explain some of the difficulties connected with clairvoyance and allied phenomena." To those who can conceive of a definite and exact analogy between the material and the spiritual the argument may seem adequate one notes that Mr. Redgrove speaks of Plato's "twice bisected" line. If we remember rightly, the realms of the visible and intelligible were represented by a line cut into two unequal parts, the parts being then divided again in the same proportion. The author briefly defines a negative quantity as "a quantity less than nothing." This, qua definition, will hardly be accepted nowadays even by teachers who are in a less responsible position than that which Mr. Redgrove holds. It is statements such as these that make mathematics so repugnant to thoughtful students.

RAILWAY RETURNS.

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

The following is the comparative statement of Traffic earnings for last 8 days ending 30th June 1912.

	Miles Open.	Total for the period.	Earnings for previous week	Total to date.
a Approximate earngs for last 8 days ending 30th June 1912				
G. I. P. Ry.....	2791·68	1704100	43079850	44783950
A.-D.-C. Ry.....	125·90	49300	1063812	1113112
BaranKotah Ry.	40·29	5100	103277	108377
Total...	2957·87	1758500	44246939	46005439
Earnings for corresps. 7 days ending 30th June 1911				
G. I. P. Ry.....	2791·34	1326332	39000398	40326730
A.-D.-C. Ry. ...	125·66	52318	904731	957549
B.-K. Ry.....	40·29	3935	71120	75055
Total...	2957·29	1383085	39976249	41359334
Inc. or Dec. G.I.P.R.	+ 0·24	+377768	+4079452	+4457220
A.D.C.R.	+ 0·24	— 3518	+159081	+155563
Baran Kotah R.	—	+ 1165	+ 32137	+ 33322

a One day more owing to leap year.

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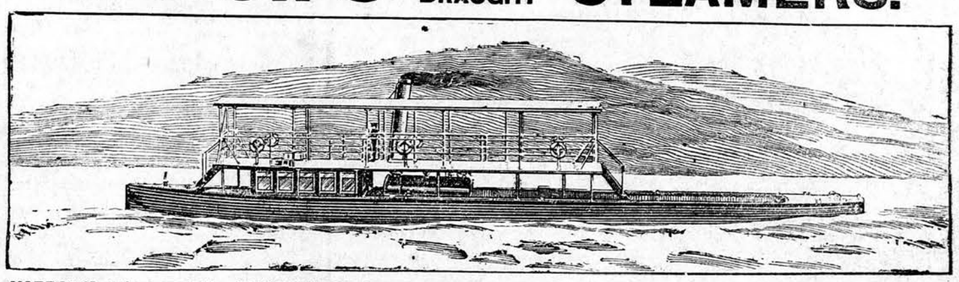

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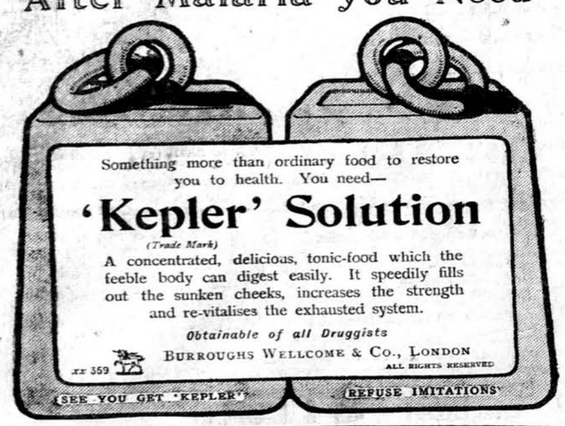

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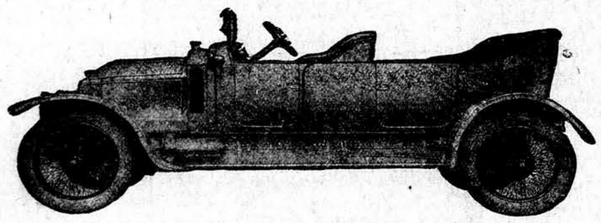

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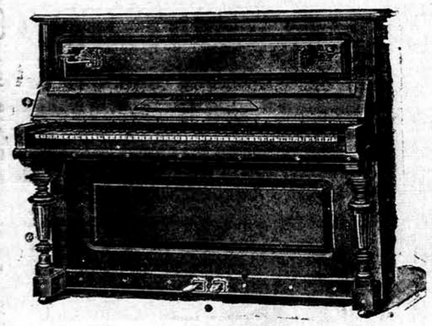

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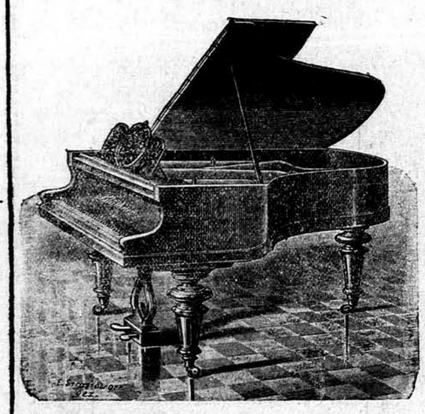

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